



LANSDOWN PARK ACADEMY

Child Protection & Safeguarding Policy September 2020

Important coronavirus (COVID-19) update

This policy has been updated in line with the current guidance from the UK government. We have included [Appendix A](#) which provides detailed safeguarding considerations for the current circumstances. Please have due regard for the stipulations within this amendment during the national lockdown. Once pupils return to school full time, schools can refer to the provisions within the main body of this policy.

Policy Reviewed by: Nick Lee-Wells

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Statement of intent

Lansdown Park Academy is committed to safeguarding and promoting the welfare, both physical and emotional, of every pupil, both inside and outside of Lansdown Park Academy premises. We implement a whole-school preventative approach to managing safeguarding concerns, ensuring that the wellbeing of pupils is at the forefront of all action taken.

This policy sets out a clear and consistent framework for delivering this promise, in line with safeguarding legislation and statutory guidance.

It will be achieved by:

- Creating a culture of safer recruitment by adopting procedures that help deter, reject or identify people who might pose a risk to children.
- Teaching pupils how to keep safe and recognise behaviour that is unacceptable.
- Identifying and making provision for any pupil that has been subject to abuse.
- Ensuring that members of the Academy Council, the headteacher and staff members understand their responsibilities under safeguarding legislation and statutory guidance, are alert to the signs of child abuse, and know to refer concerns to the DSL.
- Ensuring that the headteacher and any new staff members and volunteers are only appointed when all the appropriate checks have been satisfactorily completed.

The DSL is: Nick Lee-Wells. In the absence of the DSL, child protection matters will be dealt with by: Andrew Welsh.

Lansdown Park Academy has DSL's across all sites:

Stockwood: Nick Lee-Wells (Headteacher) Rob Holbeche (Assistant Head)

Rush Hill: Andrew Welsh (Deputy Head), Emma Moorcroft (Behaviour Lead) and Victoria Jones (Learning Mentor)

The Key: Zoe Jenkins (Assistant Head)

Acronyms

This policy contains a number of acronyms used in the Education sector. These acronyms are listed below alongside their descriptions.

Acronym	Long form	Description
CCE	Child criminal exploitation	Where an individual or group takes advantage of an imbalance of power to coerce, control, manipulate or deceive a child into any criminal activity in exchange for something the victim needs or wants, and/or for the financial or other advantage of the perpetrator or facilitator, and/or through violence or the threat of violence.
CSCS	Children's social care services	The branch of the local authority that deals with children's social care.
CSE	Child sexual exploitation	Where an individual or group takes advantage of an imbalance of power to coerce, manipulate or deceive a child into sexual activity in exchange for something the victim needs or wants, and/or for the financial advantage, increased status or other advantage of the perpetrator or facilitator.
DBS	Disclosure and barring service	The service that performs the statutory check of criminal records for anyone working or volunteering in a school.
DfE	Department for Education	The national government body with responsibility for children's services, policy and education, including early years, schools, higher and further education policy, apprenticeships and wider skills in England.
DPO	Data protection officer	The appointed person in school with responsibility for overseeing data protection strategy and implementation to ensure compliance with the Data Protection Act.
DSL	Designated safeguarding lead	A member of the senior leadership team who has lead responsibility for safeguarding and child protection throughout Lansdown Park Academy.
EEA	European Economic Area	The Member States of the European Union (EU) and three countries of the European Free Trade Association (EFTA) (Iceland, Liechtenstein and Norway; excluding Switzerland).
EHC plan	Education, health and care plan	A funded intervention plan which coordinates the educational, health and care needs for pupils who have significant needs that impact on their learning and access to education. The plan identifies any additional support needs or interventions and the intended impact they will have for the pupil.
ESFA	Education and Skills Funding Agency	An agency sponsored by the Department for Education with accountability for funding education and skills training for children, young people and adults.
FGM	Female genital mutilation	A procedure where the female genital organs are injured or changed and there is no medical reason for this.
UK GDPR	UK General Data Protection Regulation	Legislative provision designed to strengthen the safety and security of all data held within an organisation and ensure that procedures

		relating to personal data are fair and consistent.
HBA	'Honour-based' abuse	So-called 'honour-based' abuse encompasses incidents or crimes which have been committed to protect or defend the honour of the family and/or the community, including female genital mutilation, forced marriage, and practices such as breast ironing.
HMCTS	HM Courts and Tribunals Service	HM Courts and Tribunals Service is responsible for the administration of criminal, civil and family courts and tribunals in England and Wales. HMCTS is an executive agency, sponsored by the Ministry of Justice.
IICSA	Independent Inquiry into Child Sexual Abuse	The Independent Inquiry into Child Sexual Abuse is analysing case files from the Disclosure and Barring Service to learn more about the behaviours of perpetrators who have sexually abused children in institutions, and to understand institutional responses to these behaviours.
ITT	Initial teacher training	A programme of training to achieve qualified teacher status.
KCSIE	Keeping children safe in education	Statutory guidance setting out schools and colleges' duties to safeguard and promote the welfare of children.
LA	Local authority	A local government agency responsible for the provision of a range of services in a specified local area, including education.
LAC	Looked-after children	Children who have been placed in local authority care or where children's services have looked after children for more than a period of 24 hours.
LGBTQ+	Lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender and queer plus	Term relating to a community of people, protected by the Equalities Act 2010, who identify as lesbian, gay, bisexual or transgender, or other protected sexual or gender identities.
MAT	Multi-academy trust	A trust established to undertake strategic collaboration and provide education across a number of schools.
NPCC	The National Police Chiefs' Council	The National Police Chiefs' Council is a national coordination body for law enforcement in the United Kingdom and the representative body for British police chief officers.
PSHE	Personal, social and health education	A non-statutory subject in which pupils learn about themselves, other people, rights, responsibilities and relationships.
PHE	Public Health England	An executive agency of the Department of Health and Social Care which aims to protect and improve the nation's health and wellbeing.
QTS	Qualified teacher status	A requirement in England to work as a teacher of children in state schools and special schools.
RSE	Relationships and sex education	A compulsory subject from Year 7 for all pupils. Includes the teaching of sexual health, reproduction and sexuality, as well as promoting positive relationships.
SCR	Single central record	A statutory secure record of recruitment and identity checks for all permanent and temporary staff, proprietors, contractors, external coaches and instructors, and

		volunteers who attend Lansdown Park Academy in a non-visitor capacity.
SENCO	Special educational needs coordinator	A statutory role within all schools maintaining oversight and coordinating the implementation of Lansdown Park Academy's special educational needs policy and provision of education to pupils with special educational needs.
SEND	Special educational needs and disabilities	A pupil is assessed to have SEND if they have a learning problem or disability that makes it more difficult for them to learn than most pupils their age.
SLT	Senior leadership team	Staff members who have been delegated leadership responsibilities in a school.
TRA	Teaching Regulation Agency	An executive agency of the DfE with responsibility for the regulation of the teaching profession.
VSH	Virtual school head	Virtual school heads are in charge of promoting the educational achievement of all the children looked after by the local authority they work for.

1. Definitions

- 1.1 The terms “**children**” and “**child**” refer to anyone under the age of 18.
- 1.2 For the purposes of this policy, “safeguarding and protecting the welfare of children” is defined as:
- Protecting pupils from maltreatment.
 - Preventing the impairment of pupils' mental and physical health or development.
 - Ensuring that pupils grow up in circumstances consistent with the provision of safe and effective care.
 - Taking action to enable all pupils to have the best outcomes.
- 1.3 For the purposes of this policy, the term “**harmful sexual behaviour**” includes, but is not limited to, the following actions:
- Using sexually explicit words and phrases
 - Inappropriate touching
 - Sexual violence or threats
 - Full penetrative sex with other children or adults
- 1.4 In accordance with the DfE's guidance, ‘Sexual violence and sexual harassment between children in schools and colleges’ (2018), and for the purposes of this policy, the term “**sexual harassment**” is used within this policy to describe any unwanted conduct of a sexual nature, both online or offline, which violates a child's dignity and makes them feel intimidated, degraded or humiliated, and can create a hostile, sexualised or offensive environment.
- 1.5 For the purpose of this policy, the term “**sexual violence**” encompasses the definitions provided in the Sexual Offences Act 2003, including those pertaining to rape, assault by penetration and sexual assault.
- 1.6 For the purposes of this policy, “**upskirting**” refers to the act of taking a picture or video under another person's clothing, without their knowledge or consent, with the intention of viewing that person's genitals or buttocks (with or without clothing). Despite the name, anyone (including both pupils and teachers), and any gender, can be a victim of upskirting.
- 1.7 For the purposes of this policy, “**sexting**” is defined as the sharing between pupils of sexually explicit content, including indecent imagery.

- 1.8 For the purposes of this policy, “**indecent imagery**” is defined as an image which meets one or more of the following criteria:
- Nude or semi-nude sexual posing
 - A child touching themselves in a sexual way
 - Any sexual activity involving a child
 - Someone hurting a child sexually
 - Sexual activity that involves animals
- 1.9 The term “**teaching role**” is defined as planning and preparing lessons and courses for pupils; delivering lessons to pupils; assessing the development, progress and attainment of pupils; and reporting on the development, progress and attainment of pupils. These activities are not teaching work if the person carrying out the activity does so (other than for the purposes of induction) subject to the direction and supervision of a qualified teacher or other person nominated by the headteacher to provide such direction and supervision.
- 1.10 For the purpose of this policy, “**peer-on-peer**” abuse is defined as abuse between children. This can include, but is not limited to the following:
- Abuse within intimate partner relationships
 - Bullying (including cyberbullying)
 - Sexual violence and sexual harassment
 - Physical abuse and physical harm
 - Sexting
 - Initiation/hazing-type violence and rituals

2. Legal framework

- 2.1 This policy has been created with due regard to all relevant legislation including, but not limited to, the following:

Legislation

- Children Act 1989
- Children Act 2004
- Safeguarding Vulnerable Groups Act 2006
- The Education (School Teachers’ Appraisal) (England) Regulations 2012 (as amended)
- Sexual Offences Act 2003
- The General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)
- Data Protection Act 2018
- Voyeurism (Offences) Act 2019

Statutory guidance

- HM Government (2013) ‘Multi-agency practice guidelines: Handling cases of Forced Marriage’
- HM Government (2020) ‘Multi-agency statutory guidance on female genital mutilation’
- HM Government (2021) ‘Channel Duty Guidance: Protecting people vulnerable to being drawn into terrorism’
- DfE (2018) ‘Working Together to Safeguard Children’
- DfE (2015) ‘The Prevent duty’
- DfE (2021) ‘Keeping children safe in education (2020)’
- DfE (2018) ‘Disqualification under the Childcare Act 2006’

Non-statutory guidance

- DfE (2015) ‘What to do if you’re worried a child is being abused’
- DfE (2018) ‘Information sharing’
- DfE (2017) ‘Child sexual exploitation’

- DfE (2018) 'Sexual violence and sexual harassment between children in schools and colleges'
- DfE (2020) 'Recruit teachers from overseas'
- DfE (2020) 'Sharing nudes and semi-nudes: advice for education settings working with children and young people'

2.2 Other relevant school policies include:

- Child Sexual Exploitation (CSE) Policy
- Children Missing Education Policy
- Prevent Policy
- Allegations of Abuse Against Staff Policy
- Engagement for Learning (Behavioural) Policy
- Staff Code of Conduct
- Data Protection Policy
- Whistleblowing Policy
- Anti-Bullying Policy
- Exclusion Policy
- Online Safety Policy
- Data and E-Security Breach Prevention and Management Plan

3. Roles and responsibilities

3.1 The Academy Council has a duty to:

- Ensure that Lansdown Park Academy complies with its duties under the above child protection and safeguarding legislation.
- Guarantee that the policies, procedures and training opportunities in Lansdown Park Academy are effective and comply with the law at all times.
- Guarantee that Lansdown Park Academy contributes to inter-agency working in line with the statutory guidance 'Working Together to Safeguard Children'.

In BaNES we meet with the 'Exploitation team' on a fortnightly basis and 'Multi-agency Case work' on a fortnightly basis.

- Confirm that Lansdown Park Academy's safeguarding arrangements take into account the procedures and practices of the LA as part of the inter-agency safeguarding procedures.
- Understand the local criteria for action and the local protocol for assessment, and ensure these are reflected in Lansdown Park Academy's policies and procedures.
- Comply with its obligations under section 14B of the Children Act 2004 to supply the local safeguarding arrangements with information to fulfil its functions.
- Ensure that staff members have due regard to relevant data protection principles that allow them to share (and withhold) personal information.
- Ensure that a member of the Academy Council is nominated to liaise with the LA and/or partner agencies on issues of child protection and in the event of allegations of abuse made against the headteacher or another Academy Councillor. The Academy Councillor for Safeguarding is Ms Anne-Marie Cray
- Guarantee that there are effective child protection policies and procedures in place together with a Staff Code of Conduct.
- Ensure that there is a senior board level lead responsible for safeguarding arrangements.
- Appoint a member of staff from the SLT to the role of DSL as an explicit part of the role-holder's job description.
- Appoint one or more deputy DSL(s) to provide support to the DSL and ensure that they are trained to the same standard as the DSL and that the role is explicit in their job description(s).
- Ensure all relevant persons are aware of Lansdown Park Academy's local safeguarding arrangements, including the Academy Council itself, the SLT and DSL.

- Make sure that pupils are taught about safeguarding, including protection against dangers online (including when they are online at home), through teaching and learning opportunities, as part of providing a broad and balanced curriculum.
- Adhere to statutory responsibilities by conducting pre-employment checks on staff who work with children, taking proportionate decisions on whether to ask for any checks beyond what is required.
- Ensure that staff members are appropriately trained to support pupils to be themselves at school, e.g. if they are LGBTQ+.
- Ensure Lansdown Park Academy has clear systems and processes in place for identifying possible mental health problems in pupils, including clear routes to escalate concerns and clear referral and accountability systems. We have Mental health leads at Lansdown Park Academy. Stockwood: Leah Kelly, Rush Hill: Victoria Jones.
- Lansdown Park Academy will ensure that volunteers have undergone a full DBS and volunteers would always work with a member of staff, appropriately supervised.
- Lansdown Park Academy ensures that at least one member of staff on the recruitment panel has undergone safer recruitment training. This is Nick Lee-Wells (Headteacher) and Andrew Welsh (Deputy Headteacher)
- Lansdown Park Academy ensures all staff members receive safeguarding and child protection training updates, such as e-bulletins, emails and staff meetings, as required, but on at least an annual basis. Staff also undergo specific Safeguarding Training in areas such as Mental Health, Domestic Abuse, County Lines, FGM, Gang violence and knife crime. All staff have undergone training on Prevent and KCSIE (2020)
- Lansdown Park Academy has procedures in place to handle allegations against members of staff or volunteers. Should an allegation be raised about a member of staff, this will be reported to LADO.
Bristol LADO: Nicola Laird (01179037795)
BaNES LADO: Sarah Hogan (01225396810)
- Confirm that there are procedures in place to make a referral to the DBS and the Teaching Regulation Agency (TRA), where appropriate, if a person in regulated activity has been dismissed or removed due to safeguarding concerns or would have been had they not resigned.
- Lansdown Park Academy has procedures in place to handle pupils' allegations against other pupils.
- Lansdown Park Academy has procedures in place to eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation, including those in relation to peer-on-peer abuse. This is set out in the Equality Policy.
- Make sure that pupils' wishes and feelings are considered when determining what action to take and what services to provide to protect individual pupils.
- Lansdown Park Academy provides Student Voice / Council in addition to Parent Voice to ensure systems in place for pupils to express their views and give feedback.
- Should a member of staff have a concern about a pupil - staff should speak to the DSL (or call 999 if the pupil is at immediate harm/danger). The DSL will discuss the concern and record the concern via CPOMS.
- Lansdown Park Academy has a designated teacher to promote the educational achievement of LAC and ensure that this person has undergone appropriate training. The designated teacher is Antonia Ashwin.
- The designated teacher works with the virtual school head (VSH) to discuss how the pupil premium funding can best be used to support LAC.
- Lansdown Park Academy ensures that staff members have the skills, knowledge and understanding necessary to keep LAC safe, particularly with regards to the pupil's legal status, contact details and care arrangements.

- Lansdown Park Academy has appropriate safeguarding responses for pupils who go missing from school, particularly on repeat occasions, to help identify any risk of abuse and neglect, including sexual abuse or exploitation, and prevent the risk of their disappearance in future.
- Lansdown Park Academy ensures that all members of the Academy Council have been subject to an enhanced DBS check.
- Lansdown Park Academy has a culture where staff are confident to challenge senior leaders over any safeguarding concerns.

3.2 The headteacher has a duty to:

- Safeguard pupils' wellbeing and maintain public trust in the teaching profession.
- Ensure that the policies and procedures adopted by the Academy Council, particularly concerning referrals of cases of suspected abuse and neglect, are followed by staff members.
- Provide staff, upon induction, with the Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy, Staff Code of Conduct, part one of the 'Keeping children safe in education' (KCSIE) guidance, the Engagement for Learning (Behavioural) Policy, the Children Missing from Education Policy, online safety training, and the identity of the DSL and any deputies. Training is on at least an annual basis where all members of staff will undergo refresher training, KCSIE and specific training courses.

3.3 The DSL has a duty to:

- Understand and keep up-to-date with local safeguarding arrangements.
- Act as the main point of contact with the three safeguarding partners and the child death review partner.
- Make the necessary child protection referrals to appropriate agencies (Key Safeguarding Contacts outlined below for Bristol and BaNES).
- Understand when they should consider calling the police, in line with the National Police Chiefs' Council (NPCC) guidance.
- Liaise with the headteacher to inform them of safeguarding issues and ongoing enquiries.
- Liaise with the deputy DSL(s) to ensure effective safeguarding outcomes.
- Act as a source of support, advice and expertise to staff members on matters of safeguarding by liaising with relevant agencies.
- Understand the assessment process for providing early help and intervention.
- Support staff members in liaising with other agencies and setting up inter-agency assessments where early help is deemed appropriate.
- Keep cases of early help under constant review and refer them to the CSCS if the situation does not appear to be improving.
- Have a working knowledge of how LAs conduct a child protection case conference and a child protection review conference and be able to attend and contribute to these effectively when required to do so.
- Ensure each member of staff has access to and understands Lansdown Park Academy's Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy and procedures – this will be discussed during the staff induction process.
- Be alert to the specific requirements of children in need, including those with SEND and young carers.
- Keep detailed, accurate and secure records of concerns and referrals. Referrals are stored via CPOMS
- Secure access to resources and attends any relevant training courses.
- Encourage a culture of listening to children and taking account of their wishes and feelings.
- Work with the Academy Council to ensure Lansdown Park Academy's Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy is reviewed annually and the procedures are updated regularly.
- Ensure Lansdown Park Academy's Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy is available publicly, and parents/carers are aware that Lansdown Park Academy may make referrals for

suspected cases of abuse or neglect, as well as the role Lansdown Park Academy plays in these referrals.

- Ensure the best educational outcomes by identifying at-risk pupils to Lansdown Park Academy and its staff, so that the relevant personnel understand each pupil's educational and welfare needs.
- Support teaching staff to identify the challenges that at-risk pupils may face and the additional academic support and adjustments they can make to support these pupils.
- Link with local safeguarding arrangements to make sure that staff members are aware of the training opportunities available and the latest local policies on safeguarding.
- Ensure that a pupil's child protection file is copied when transferring to a new school (Via CPOMS file transfer)
- Be available at all times during school hours to discuss any safeguarding concerns. **This is normally the Headteacher (Nick Lee-Wells) or the Deputy Headteacher (Andrew Welsh).**
- Hold the details of the LA personal advisor and liaise with them as necessary.

3.4 The designated teacher has a responsibility for promoting the educational achievement of LAC and previously LAC, and for children who have left care through adoption, special guardianship or child arrangement orders or who were adopted from state care outside England and Wales.

3.5 Other staff members have a responsibility to:

- Safeguard pupils' wellbeing and maintain public trust in the teaching profession as part of their professional duties.
- Provide a safe environment in which pupils can learn.
- Act in accordance with school procedures with the aim of eliminating unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation, including those in relation to peer-on-peer abuse.
- Maintain an attitude of 'it could happen here' where safeguarding is concerned.
- Be aware of the signs of abuse and neglect.
- Be aware of the early help process and understand their role in it.
- Act as the lead professional in undertaking an early help assessment, where necessary.
- Be aware of, and understand, the process for making referrals to CSCS, as well as for making statutory assessments under the Children Act 1989 and their role in these assessments.
- Be confident of the processing conditions under relevant data protection legislation, including information which is sensitive and personal, and information that should be treated as special category data.
- Make a referral to CSCS and/or the police immediately, if at any point there is a risk of immediate serious harm to a child.
- Be aware of and understand the procedure to follow in the event that a child confides they are being abused or neglected.
- Support social workers in making decisions about individual children, in collaboration with the DSL.
- Maintain appropriate levels of confidentiality when dealing with individual cases, and always act in the best interest of the child.
- Follow Lansdown Park Academy's procedure for, and approach to, preventing radicalisation as outlined in the Prevent Policy.
- Challenge senior leaders over any safeguarding concerns, where necessary.

4. Inter-agency working

4.1 Lansdown Park Academy contributes to inter-agency working as part of its statutory duty. We work with Bristol and BaNES (Exploitation and Case meetings on a rolling fortnightly basis)

4.2 Lansdown Park Academy is aware of and will follow the local safeguarding arrangements.

- 4.3 Lansdown Park Academy will work with CSCS, the police, health services and other services to protect the welfare of its pupils, through the early help process and by contributing to inter-agency plans to provide additional support.
- 4.4 Where a need for early help is identified, Lansdown Park Academy will allow access for CSCS from the host LA and, where appropriate, a placing LA, for that LA to conduct (or consider whether to conduct) a section 17 or 47 assessment.
- 4.5 Lansdown Park Academy recognises the importance of proactive information sharing between professionals and local agencies in order to effectively meet pupils' needs and identify any need for early help.
- 4.6 Considering [4.3](#), staff members are aware that whilst the UK GDPR and the Data Protection Act 2018 place a duty on schools to process personal information fairly and lawfully, they also allow for information to be stored and shared for safeguarding purposes – data protection regulations do not act as a barrier to sharing information where failure to do so would result in the pupil being placed at risk of harm.
- 4.7 Staff members will ensure that fear of sharing information does not stand in the way of their responsibility to promote the welfare and safety of pupils.
- 4.8 If staff members are in doubt about sharing information, they will speak to the DSL or deputy DSL.
- 4.9 Lansdown Park Academy also recognises the particular importance of inter-agency working in identifying and preventing CSE.

5. Abuse and neglect

- 5.1 All members of staff will be aware that abuse, neglect and safeguarding issues are rarely standalone events that can be given a specific label and multiple issues often overlap one another.
- 5.2 All staff, especially the DSL and their deputies, will be aware that pupils can be at risk of abuse or exploitation in situations outside their families (extra-familial harms).
- 5.3 All staff members will be aware of the indicators of abuse and the appropriate action to take following a pupil being identified as at potential risk of abuse or neglect.
- 5.4 When identifying pupils at risk of potential harm, staff members will look out for a number of indicators including, but not limited to, the following:
 - Injuries in unusual places, such as bite marks on the neck, that are also inconsistent with their age
 - Lack of concentration and acting withdrawn
 - Knowledge ahead of their age, e.g. sexual knowledge
 - Use of explicit language
 - Fear of abandonment
 - Depression and low self-esteem
- 5.5 All members of staff will be aware of the indicators of peer-on-peer abuse, such as those in relation to bullying, gender-based violence, sexual assaults and sexting.
- 5.6 All staff will be aware of the necessary procedures to follow to prevent peer-on-peer abuse, as outlined in [section 31](#) of this policy.
- 5.7 All staff will be aware of the behaviours linked to drug taking, alcohol abuse, absence and sexting, and will understand that these put pupils in danger.
- 5.8 Staff members will be aware of the effects of a pupil witnessing an incident of abuse, such as witnessing domestic violence at home.

6. Types of abuse and neglect

- 6.1 **Abuse:** A form of maltreatment of a child which involves inflicting harm or failing to act to prevent harm. Children may be abused in a family, institutional or community setting by those known to them or, more rarely, by others, e.g. via the internet.
- 6.2 **Physical abuse:** A form of abuse which may involve actions such as hitting, throwing, burning, drowning and poisoning, or otherwise causing physical harm to a child. Physical abuse can also be caused when a parent fabricates the symptoms of, or deliberately induces, illness in a child.
- 6.3 **Emotional abuse:** A form of abuse that involves the emotional maltreatment of a child to cause severe and adverse effects on the child's emotional development. This may involve telling a child they are worthless, unloved, inadequate, not giving them the opportunities to express their views, deliberately silencing them, or often making them feel as though they are in danger.
- 6.4 **Sexual abuse:** A form of abuse that involves forcing or enticing a child to take part in sexual activities, not necessarily involving a high level of violence, and whether or not the child is aware of what is happening. This may involve physical assault, such as penetrative assault and touching, or non-penetrative actions, such as looking at sexual images or encouraging children to behave in inappropriate ways.
- 6.5 **Neglect:** A form of abuse that involves the persistent failure to meet a child's basic physical and/or psychological needs, likely to result in serious impairment of a child's health or development. This may involve providing inadequate food, clothing or shelter, or the inability to protect a child from physical or emotional harm or ensure access to appropriate medical treatment.

7. FGM

- 7.1 For the purpose of this policy, FGM is defined as a procedure where the female genital organs are injured or changed and there is no medical reason for this.
- 7.2 Lansdown Park Academy's procedures relating to managing cases of FGM and protecting pupils will reflect multi-agency working arrangements.
- 7.3 FGM is considered a form of abuse in the UK and is illegal.
- 7.4 All staff will be alert to the possibility of a pupil being at risk of FGM, or already having suffered FGM. If staff members are worried about someone who is at risk of FGM or who has been a victim of FGM, they are required to share this information with social care and/or the police.
- 7.5 Teaching staff are **legally required** to report to the police any discovery, whether through disclosure by the victim or visual evidence, of FGM on a pupil under the age of 18. Teachers failing to report such cases will face disciplinary action. **NB:** This does not apply to any suspected or at-risk cases, nor if the individual is over the age of 18. In such cases, local safeguarding procedures will be followed.
- 7.6 There are a range of potential indicators that a pupil may be at risk of FGM. While individually they may not indicate risk, if two or more indicators are present, this could signal a risk to the pupil.
- 7.7 Victims of FGM are most likely to come from communities that are known to adopt this practice. It is important to note that the pupil may not yet be aware of the practice or that it may be conducted on them, so staff will be sensitive when broaching the subject.
- 7.8 Indicators that may show a heightened risk of FGM include the following:
- The socio-economic position of the family and their level of integration into UK society
 - Any girl with a mother or sister who has been subjected to FGM
 - Any girl withdrawn from PSHE
- 7.9 Indicators that may show FGM could take place soon include the following:
- When a female family elder is visiting from a country of origin
 - A girl may confide that she is to have a 'special procedure' or a ceremony to 'become a woman'

- A girl may request help from a teacher if she is aware or suspects that she is at immediate risk
- A girl, or her family member, may talk about a long holiday to her country of origin or another country where the practice is prevalent

7.10 Staff will be vigilant to the signs that FGM has already taken place so that help can be offered, enquiries can be made to protect others, and criminal investigations can begin.

7.11 Indicators that FGM may have already taken place include the following:

- Difficulty walking, sitting or standing
- Spending longer than normal in the bathroom or toilet
- Spending long periods of time away from a classroom during the day with bladder or menstrual problems
- Prolonged or repeated absences from school followed by withdrawal or depression
- Reluctance to undergo normal medical examinations
- Asking for help, but not being explicit about the problem due to embarrassment or fear

7.12 Teachers will not examine pupils, and so it is rare that they will see any visual evidence, but they will report to the police where an act of FGM appears to have been carried out. Unless the teacher has a good reason not to, they should also consider and discuss any such case with the DSL and involve CSCS as appropriate.

7.13 FGM is also included in the definition of ‘honour-based’ abuse (HBA), which involves crimes that have been committed to defend the honour of the family and/or community, alongside forced marriage and breast ironing.

7.14 All forms of HBA are forms of abuse and will be treated and escalated as such.

7.15 Staff will be alert to the signs of HBA, including concerns that a child is at risk of HBA, or has already suffered from HBA, and will consult with the DSL who will activate local safeguarding procedures if concerns arise.

8. Forced marriage

8.1 For the purpose of this policy, a “**forced marriage**” is defined as a marriage that is entered into without the full and free consent of one or both parties, and where violence, threats or any other form of coercion is used to cause a person to enter into the marriage. Forced marriage is classed as a crime in the UK.

8.2 As part of HBA, staff will be alert to the signs of forced marriage including, but not limited to, the following:

- Becoming anxious, depressed and emotionally withdrawn with low self-esteem
- Showing signs of mental health disorders and behaviours such as self-harm or anorexia
- Displaying a sudden decline in their educational performance, aspirations or motivation
- Regularly being absent from school
- Displaying a decline in punctuality
- An obvious family history of older siblings leaving education early and marrying early

8.3 If staff members have any concerns regarding a child who may have undergone, is currently undergoing, or is at risk of forced marriage, they will speak to the DSL and local safeguarding procedures will be followed – this could include referral to CSCS, the police or the Forced Marriage Unit.

9. Child sexual exploitation (CSE)

9.1 For the purpose of this policy, “**child sexual exploitation**” is defined as: a form of sexual abuse where an individual or group takes advantage of an imbalance of power to coerce, manipulate or deceive a child or young person into sexual activity, for either, or both, of the following reasons:

- In exchange for something the victim needs or wants
- For the financial advantage, increased status or other advantage of the perpetrator or facilitator

9.2 CSE does not always involve physical contact, as it can also occur online. It is also important to note that a child can be sexually exploited even if the sexual activity appears consensual.

9.3 Lansdown Park Academy has adopted the following procedure for handling cases of CSE, as outlined by the DfE:

Identifying cases

9.4 School staff members will be aware of and look for the key indicators of CSE; these are as follows:

- Having older boyfriends or girlfriends
- Suffering from sexually transmitted infections or becoming pregnant

Other indicators outlined in [10.3](#) may also be signs that a child is a victim of CSE.

Referring cases

9.5 Where CSE, or the risk of it, is suspected, staff will discuss the case with the DSL. If after discussion a concern still remains, local safeguarding procedures will be triggered, including referral to the LA.

Support

9.6 The LA and all other necessary authorities will then handle the matter to conclusion. Lansdown Park Academy will cooperate as needed.

10. Child criminal exploitation (CCE)

10.1 For the purpose of this policy, “**child criminal exploitation**” is defined as: where an individual or group takes advantage of an imbalance of power to coerce, control, manipulate or deceive a child into criminal activity, for any, or all, of the following reasons:

- In exchange for something the victim needs or wants
- For the financial advantage or other advantage of the perpetrator or facilitator
- Through violence or the threat of violence

10.2 CCE may be in effect even if the criminal activity appears consensual, and can happen through the use of technology.

Identifying cases

10.3 School staff will be aware of the following indicators that a child is the victim of CCE:

- Appearing with unexplained gifts or new possessions
- Associating with other young people involved in exploitation
- Suffering from changes in emotional wellbeing
- Misusing drugs or alcohol
- Going missing for periods of time or regularly coming home late
- Regularly missing school or education or not taking part

11. Mental health

11.1 All staff will be made aware that mental health problems can, in some cases, be an indicator that a pupil has suffered, or is at risk of suffering, abuse, neglect or exploitation.

11.2 Staff will not attempt to make a diagnosis of mental health problems – Lansdown Park Academy will ensure this is done by a trained mental health professional.

11.3 Staff will be encouraged to identify pupils whose behaviour suggests they may be experiencing a mental health problem or may be at risk of developing one.

11.4 Staff who have a mental health concern about a pupil that is also a safeguarding concern will act in line with this policy and speak to the DSL or a deputy.

11.5 Lansdown Park Academy will access a range of advice to help them identify pupils in need of additional mental health support, including working with external agencies.

12. Sexting and the sharing of indecent images of pupils

12.1 Lansdown Park Academy will ensure that staff are aware to treat the sharing of indecent images of pupils through sexting as a safeguarding concern.

12.2 Staff will receive appropriate training regarding child sexual development and will understand the difference between sexual behaviour that is considered normal and expected for the age of the pupil, and sexual behaviour that is inappropriate and harmful.

12.3 Staff will receive appropriate training around how to deal with instances of sexting in Lansdown Park Academy community, including understanding motivations, assessing risks posed to pupils depicted in the images, and how and when to report instances of sexting.

12.4 Staff will be aware that creating, possessing, and distributing indecent imagery of pupils is a criminal offence, regardless of whether the imagery is created, possessed, and distributed by the individual depicted; however, staff will ensure that pupils are not unnecessarily criminalised.

12.5 Where a member of staff becomes aware of an incidence of sexting that involves indecent images of a pupil, they will refer this to the DSL as soon as possible.

12.6 Where a pupil confides in a staff member about the circulation of indecent imagery, depicting them or someone else, the staff member will:

- Refrain from viewing, copy, printing, sharing, storing or saving the imagery.
- Tell the DSL immediately if they accidentally view an indecent image and seek support.
- Explain to the pupil that the incident will need to be reported.
- Respond positively to the pupil without blaming or shaming anyone involved, and reassuring them that they can receive support from the DSL.
- Report the incident to the DSL.

12.7 The DSL will attempt to understand what the image contains **without viewing it** and the context surrounding its creation and distribution – they will categorise the incident into one of two categories:

- **Aggravated:** incidents which involve additional or abusive elements beyond the creation and distribution of indecent images of pupils, including where there is an adult involved, where there is an intent to harm the pupil depicted, or where the images are used recklessly.
- **Experimental:** incidents involving the creation and distribution of indecent images of pupils where there is no adult involvement or apparent intent to cause harm or embarrassment to the pupil.

12.8 Where it is necessary to view the imagery, e.g. if this is the only way to make a decision about whether to inform other agencies, the DSL should:

- Discuss this decision with the headteacher or member of the SLT.
- Ensure the image is, where possible, viewed by someone of the same sex as the individual depicted.
- Ensure viewing takes place on school premises and with another member of staff present in the room – this staff member does not need to view the imagery.
- Record how and why the decision was made to view the imagery in accordance with the GDPR Policy.

12.9 Where the incident is categorised as 'aggravated', the situation will be managed in line with [section 31](#) of this policy.

- 12.10 Where the incident is categorised as ‘experimental’, the pupils involved are supported to understand the implications of sharing indecent imagery and to move forward from the incident.
- 12.11 Where there is reason to believe that indecent imagery being circulated will cause harm to a pupil, the DSL escalates the incident to CSCS.
- 12.12 Where indecent imagery of a pupil has been shared publicly, the DSL will work with the pupil to report imagery to sites on which it has been shared and will reassure them of the support available.

13. Homelessness

- 13.1 The DSL and deputy(s) will be aware of the contact details and referral routes into the Local Housing Authority so that concerns over homelessness can be raised as early as possible.
- 13.2 Indicators that a family may be at risk of homelessness include the following:
- Household debt
 - Rent arrears
 - Domestic abuse
 - Anti-social behaviour
 - Any mention of a family moving home because “they have to”
- 13.3 Referrals to the Local Housing Authority do not replace referrals to CSCS where a child is being harmed or at risk of harm.
- 13.4 For 16- and 17-year-olds, homelessness may not be family-based and referrals to CSCS will be made as necessary where concerns are raised.

14. County lines

- 14.1 For the purpose of this policy, “**county lines**” refers to organised criminal networks or gangs exploiting children to move drugs and money into one or more areas (within the UK). Drugs and money may also be stored by children for the purpose of criminal activity.
- 14.2 Staff will be made aware of pupils with missing episodes who may have been trafficked for the purpose of transporting drugs.
- 14.3 Staff members who suspect a pupil may be vulnerable to, or involved in, county lines activity will immediately report all concerns to the DSL.
- 14.4 The DSL will consider referral to the National Referral Mechanism on a case-by-case basis and consider involving local services and providers who offer support to victims of county lines exploitation.
- 14.5 Indicators that a pupil may be involved in county lines active include the following:
- Persistently going missing or being found out of their usual area
 - Unexplained acquisition of money, clothes or mobile phones
 - Excessive receipt of texts or phone calls
 - Relationships with controlling or older individuals or groups
 - Leaving home without explanation
 - Evidence of physical injury or assault that cannot be explained
 - Carrying weapons
 - Sudden decline in school results
 - Becoming isolated from peers or social networks
 - Self-harm or significant changes in mental state
 - Parental reports of concern

15. Serious violence

- 15.1 Through training, all staff will be made aware of the indicators which may signal a pupil is at risk from, or is involved with, serious violent crime. These indicators include, but are not limited to, the following:
- Increased absence from school
 - A change in friendships
 - New relationships with older individuals or groups
 - A significant decline in academic performance
 - Signs of self-harm
 - A significant change in wellbeing
 - Signs of assault
 - Unexplained injuries
 - Unexplained gifts or new possessions
- 15.2 Staff will be made aware of some of the most significant risk factors that could increase a pupil's vulnerability to becoming involved in serious violent crime. These risk factors include, but are not limited to, the following:
- A history of committing offences
 - Substance abuse
 - Anti-social behaviour
 - Absence
 - Peers involved in crime and/or anti-social behaviour
- 15.3 Staff members who suspect a pupil may be vulnerable to, or involved in, serious violent crime will immediately report their concerns to the DSL.

16. Pupils with family members in prison

- 16.1 Pupils with a family member in prison will be offered pastoral support as necessary.
- 16.2 They will receive a copy of '[Are you a young person with a family member in prison?](#)' from Action for Prisoners' Families where appropriate and allowed the opportunity to discuss questions and concerns.

17. Pupils required to give evidence in court

- 17.1 Pupils required to give evidence in criminal courts, either for crimes committed against them or crimes they have witnessed, will be offered appropriate pastoral support.
- 17.2 Pupils will be provided with the booklet '[Going to Court](#)' from HMCTS where appropriate and allowed the opportunity to discuss questions and concerns.
- Pupils will be provided with the booklet '[Going to Court and being a witness](#)' from HMCTS where appropriate and allowed the opportunity to discuss questions and concerns.

18. Contextual safeguarding

- 18.1 Safeguarding incidents can occur outside of school and can be associated with outside factors. School staff, particularly the DSL and their deputy(s), will always consider the context of incidents – this is known as contextual safeguarding.
- 18.2 Assessment of pupils' behaviour will consider whether there are wider environmental factors that are a threat to their safety and/or welfare.
- 18.3 Lansdown Park Academy will provide as much contextual information as possible when making referrals to CSCS.

19. Preventing radicalisation

19.1 For the purpose of this policy, we have used the following definitions:

- “**Radicalisation**” refers to the process by which a person comes to support terrorism and extremist ideologies
- “**Extremism**” refers to the vocal or active opposition to fundamental British values, e.g. individual liberty and the rule of law
- “**Terrorism**” refers to an action that endangers or causes serious violence to a person or people, property, or electronic system, which is designed to influence the government, intimidate the public, or advance a cause.

19.2 Protecting pupils from the risk of radicalisation is part of Lansdown Park Academy 's wider safeguarding duties.

19.3 Lansdown Park Academy will actively assess the risk of pupils being drawn into terrorism.

19.4 Staff will be alert to changes in pupils' behaviour which could indicate that they may need help or protection.

19.5 Staff will use their professional judgement to identify pupils who may be at risk of radicalisation and act appropriately, which may include making a referral to the Channel programme. Lansdown Park Academy will work with local safeguarding arrangements as appropriate.

19.6 Lansdown Park Academy will ensure that they engage with parents and families, as they are in a key position to spot signs of radicalisation. In doing so, Lansdown Park Academy will assist and advise family members who raise concerns and provide information for support mechanisms.

19.7 Any concerns over radicalisation will be discussed with the pupil's parents, unless Lansdown Park Academy has reason to believe that the child would be placed at risk as a result.

Training

19.8 The DSL will undertake Prevent awareness training to be able to provide advice and support to other staff on how to protect pupils against the risk of radicalisation. The DSL will hold formal training sessions with all members of staff to ensure they are aware of the risk indicators and their duties regarding preventing radicalisation.

Risk indicators of vulnerable pupils

19.9 Indicators of an identity crisis include the following:

- Distancing themselves from their cultural and/or religious heritage
- Uncomfortable with their place in society

19.10 Indicators of a personal crisis include the following:

- Family tensions
- A sense of isolation
- Low self-esteem
- Disassociation from existing friendship groups
- Searching for answers to questions about identity, faith and belonging

19.11 Indicators of vulnerability through personal circumstances includes the following:

- Migration
- Local community tensions
- Events affecting their country or region of origin
- Alienation from UK values
- A sense of grievance triggered by personal experience of racism or discrimination

19.12 Indicators of vulnerability through unmet aspirations include the following:

- Perceptions of injustice
- Feelings of failure
- Rejection of civic life
- Indicators of vulnerability through criminality:
- Experiences of dealing with the police
- Involvement with criminal groups

Making a judgement

19.13 When making a judgement, staff will ask themselves the following questions:

- Does the pupil have access to extremist influences?
- Does the pupil access the internet for the purposes of extremist activities (e.g. using closed network groups, accessing or distributing extremist material, contacting such groups covertly using video calling software)?
- Is there a reason to believe that the pupil has been, or is likely to be, involved with extremist organisations?
- Is the pupil known to have possessed, or be actively seeking, extremist literature or other media likely to incite racial or religious hatred?
- Does the pupil sympathise with or support illegal or illicit groups?
- Does the pupil support groups with links to extremist activity?
- Has the pupil encountered peer, social, family or faith group rejection?
- Is there evidence of extremist ideological, political or religious influence on the pupil?
- Have international events in areas of conflict and civil unrest had a noticeable impact on the pupil?
- Has there been a significant shift in the pupil's outward appearance that suggests a new social, political or religious influence?
- Has the pupil come into conflict with family over religious beliefs, lifestyle or dress choices?
- Does the pupil vocally support terrorist attacks, either verbally or in their written work?
- Has the pupil witnessed or been the victim of racial or religious hate crimes?
- Is there a pattern of regular or extended travel within the UK?
- Has the pupil travelled for extended periods of time to international locations?
- Has the pupil employed any methods to disguise their identity?
- Does the pupil have experience of poverty, disadvantage, discrimination or social exclusion?
- Does the pupil display a lack of affinity or understanding for others?
- Is the pupil the victim of social isolation?
- Does the pupil demonstrate a simplistic or flawed understanding of religion or politics?
- Is the pupil a foreign national or refugee, or awaiting a decision on their/their family's immigration status?
- Does the pupil have insecure, conflicted or absent family relationships?
- Has the pupil experienced any trauma in their lives, particularly trauma associated with war or sectarian conflict?
- Is there evidence that a significant adult or other person in the pupil's life has extremist views or sympathies?

19.14 Critical indicators include where the pupil is:

- In contact with extremist recruiters.
- Articulating support for extremist causes or leaders.
- Accessing extremist websites.
- Possessing extremist literature.
- Using extremist narratives and a global ideology to explain personal disadvantage.
- Justifying the use of violence to solve societal issues.
- Joining extremist organisations.
- Making significant changes to their appearance and/or behaviour.

19.15 Any member of staff who identifies such concerns, because of observed behaviour or reports of conversations, will report these to the DSL.

19.16 The DSL will consider whether a situation may be so serious that an emergency response is required. In this situation, a 999 call will be made; however, concerns are most likely to require a police investigation as part of the Channel programme, in the first instance.

Channel programme

19.17 Safeguarding children is a key role for both Lansdown Park Academy and the LA, which is implemented through the use of the Channel programme. This service shall be used where a vulnerable pupil is at risk of being involved in terrorist activities.

19.18 In line with statutory duties, Lansdown Park Academy will cooperate with the local Channel Prevent panel and all partners of the panel as much as is appropriate and reasonably practical.

19.19 In cases where Lansdown Park Academy believes a pupil is potentially at serious risk of being radicalised, the headteacher or DSL will contact the Channel programme.

19.20 The DSL will also support any staff making referrals to the Channel programme.

19.21 The Channel programme ensures that vulnerable children and adults of any faith, ethnicity or background, receive support before their vulnerabilities are exploited by those that would want them to embrace terrorism, and before they become involved in criminal terrorist-related activity.

19.22 The programme identifies individuals at risk, assesses the extent of that risk, and develops the most appropriate support plan for the individuals concerned, with multi-agency cooperation and support from Lansdown Park Academy.

19.23 The delivery of the Channel programme may often overlap with the implementation of the LA's or school's wider safeguarding duty, especially where vulnerabilities have been identified that require intervention from CSCS, or where the individual is already known to CSCS.

19.24 Lansdown Park Academy will keep in mind that an individual's engagement with the Channel programme is voluntary at all stages.

Extremist speakers

19.25 The Guest Speaker Policy will prevent speakers who may promote extremist views from using Lansdown Park Academy premises.

Building children's resilience

19.26 Lansdown Park Academy will:

- Provide a safe environment for debating controversial issues.
- Promote fundamental British values, alongside pupils' spiritual, moral, social and cultural development.
- Allow pupils time to explore sensitive and controversial issues.
- Provide pupils with the knowledge and skills to understand and manage potentially difficult situations, recognise risk, make safe choices, and recognise where pressure from others threatens their personal safety and wellbeing.
- Equip pupils to explore political and social issues critically, weigh evidence, debate, and make reasoned arguments.
- Teach pupils about how democracy, government and law making and enforcement occur.
- Teach pupils about mutual respect and understanding for the diverse national, regional, religious and ethnic identities of the UK.

Resources

19.27 Lansdown Park Academy will utilise the following resources when preventing radicalisation:

- Local safeguarding arrangements
- Local police (contacted via 101 for non-emergencies)

- The DfE's dedicated helpline (020 7340 7264)
- The Channel awareness programme
- The [Educate Against Hate](#) website

20. A child missing from education

- 20.1 A child going missing from school is a potential indicator of abuse or neglect and, as such, these children are increasingly at risk of being victims of harm, exploitation or radicalisation.
- 20.2 Staff will monitor pupils that go missing from Lansdown Park Academy, particularly on repeat occasions, and report them to the DSL following normal safeguarding procedures, in accordance with the Children Missing Education Policy.
- 20.3 Lansdown Park Academy will inform the LA of any pupil who fails to attend regularly or has been absent without Lansdown Park Academy's permission for a continuous period of 10 school days or more.

Admissions register

- 20.4 Pupils are placed on the admissions register at the beginning of the first day that is agreed by Lansdown Park Academy, or when Lansdown Park Academy has been notified that the pupil will first be attending.
- 20.5 Lansdown Park Academy will notify the LA within 5 days of when a pupil's name is added to the admissions register.
- 20.6 Lansdown Park Academy will ensure that the admissions register is kept up-to-date and accurate at all times and will inform parents when any changes occur.
- 20.7 Two emergency contact details will be held for each pupil where possible.
- 20.8 Staff will monitor pupils who do not attend Lansdown Park Academy on the agreed date and will notify the LA at the earliest opportunity.
- 20.9 If a parent notifies Lansdown Park Academy that their child will live at a different address, Lansdown Park Academy will record the following information on the admissions register:
- The full name of the parent with whom the pupil will live
 - The new address
 - The date from when the pupil will live at that address
- 20.10 If a parent notifies Lansdown Park Academy that their child will be attending a different school, or is already registered at a different school, the following information will be recorded on the admissions register:
- The name of the new school
 - The date on which the pupil first attended, or is due to attend, that school
- 20.11 Where a pupil moves to a new school, Lansdown Park Academy will use a secure internet system to securely transfer pupils' data. This is via DfE Portal and CPOMS for Safeguarding information.
- 20.12 To ensure accurate data is collected to allow effective safeguarding, Lansdown Park Academy will inform the LA of any pupil who is going to be deleted from the admission register, in accordance with the Education (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2006 (as amended), where they:
- Have been taken out of Lansdown Park Academy by their parents, and are being educated outside the national education system, e.g. home education.
 - Have ceased to attend Lansdown Park Academy, and no longer live within a reasonable distance of the premises.
 - Have been certified by Lansdown Park Academy's medical officer as unlikely to be in a fit state of health to attend, before ceasing to be of compulsory school age, and their parent has

not indicated the intention to the pupil continuing to attend school after ceasing to be of compulsory school age.

- Have been in custody for a period of more than four months due to a final court order and Lansdown Park Academy does not reasonably believe they will be returning to Lansdown Park Academy at the end of that period.
- Have been permanently excluded.

20.13 Lansdown Park Academy will also remove a pupil from the admissions register where Lansdown Park Academy and LA has been unable to establish the pupil's whereabouts after making reasonable enquiries into their attendance.

20.14 If a pupil is to be removed from the admissions register, Lansdown Park Academy will provide the LA with the following information:

- The full name of the pupil
- The full name and address of any parent with whom the pupil lives
- At least one telephone number of the parent with whom the pupil lives
- The full name and address of the parent with whom the pupil is going to live, and the date that the pupil will start living there, if applicable
- The name of the pupil's new school and the pupil's expected start date there, if applicable
- The grounds for removal from the admissions register under regulation 8 of the Education (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2006 (as amended)

20.15 Lansdown Park Academy will work with the LA to establish methods of making returns for pupils back into Lansdown Park Academy.

20.16 Lansdown Park Academy will highlight to the LA where they have been unable to obtain necessary information from parents, e.g. where an address is unknown.

20.17 Lansdown Park Academy will also highlight any other necessary contextual information, including safeguarding concerns.

21. Pupils with SEND

21.1 Lansdown Park Academy recognises that pupils with SEND can face additional safeguarding challenges and understands that further barriers may exist when determining abuse and neglect in this group of pupils.

21.2 Staff will be aware of the following:

- Certain indicators of abuse, such as behaviour, mood and injury, may relate to the pupil's disability without further exploration; however, it should never be assumed that a child's indicators relate only to their disability
- Pupils with SEND can be disproportionately impacted by things like bullying, without outwardly showing any signs
- Communication barriers may exist, as well as difficulties in overcoming these barriers

21.3 When reporting concerns or making referrals for pupils with SEND, the above factors will always be taken into consideration.

21.4 When managing a safeguarding issue relating to a pupil with SEND, the DSL will liaise with Lansdown Park Academy's SENCO, as well as the pupil's parents where appropriate, to ensure that the pupil's needs are effectively met.

22. Alternative provision

22.1 Lansdown Park Academy will remain responsible for a pupil's welfare during their time at an alternative provider.

22.2 When placing a pupil with an alternative provider, Lansdown Park Academy will obtain written confirmation that the provider has conducted all relevant safeguarding checks on staff. Lansdown Park Academy will also conduct Safeguarding visits and checks to the provider on at least an annual basis.

23. Work experience

23.1 When a pupil is sent on work experience, Lansdown Park Academy will ensure that the provider has appropriate safeguarding policies and procedures in place.

23.2 Where Lansdown Park Academy has pupils conduct work experience at Lansdown Park Academy, an enhanced DBS check will be obtained if the pupil is over the age of 16.

24. Homestay exchange visits

School-arranged homestays in UK

24.1 Where Lansdown Park Academy is arranging for a visiting child to be provided with care and accommodation in the UK in the home of a family to which the child is not related, the responsible adults are considered to be in regulated activity for the period of the stay.

24.2 In such cases, Lansdown Park Academy is the regulated activity provider; therefore, Lansdown Park Academy will obtain all the necessary information required, including a DBS enhanced certificate with barred list information, to inform its assessment of the suitability of the responsible adults.

24.3 Where criminal record information is disclosed, Lansdown Park Academy will consider, alongside all other information, whether the adult is a suitable host.

24.4 In addition to the responsible adults, Lansdown Park Academy will consider whether a DBS enhanced certificate should be obtained for anyone else aged over 16 in the household.

School-arranged homestays abroad

24.5 Lansdown Park Academy will liaise with partner schools to discuss and agree the arrangements in place for the visit.

24.6 Lansdown Park Academy will consider, on a case-by-case basis, whether to contact the relevant foreign embassy or High Commission of the country in question to ascertain what checks may be possible in respect of those providing homestay outside of the UK.

24.7 Lansdown Park Academy will use its professional judgement to assess whether the arrangements are appropriate and sufficient to safeguard every child involved in the exchange.

24.8 Pupils will be provided with emergency contact details to use where an emergency occurs or a situation arises that makes them feel uncomfortable.

Privately arranged homestays

24.9 Where a parent or pupil arranges their own homestay, this is a private arrangement and Lansdown Park Academy is not the regulated activity provider.

25. Private fostering

25.1 Where Lansdown Park Academy becomes aware of a pupil being privately fostered, they will notify the LA as soon as possible to allow the LA to conduct any necessary checks.

26. Concerns about a pupil

26.1 If a member of staff has any concern about a pupil's welfare, they will act on them immediately by speaking to the DSL or a deputy in the first instance. If the staff member has an immediate concern about the welfare of a young person, they should call 999.

- 26.2 All staff members are aware of the procedure for reporting concerns and understand their responsibilities in relation to confidentiality and information sharing, as outlined in [section 32](#) of this policy. Staff members will make a written report of their concerns on Lansdown Park Academy CPOMS system.
- 26.3 Where the DSL is not available to discuss the concern with, staff members will contact the deputy DSL with the matter.
- 26.4 If a referral is made about a pupil by anyone other than the DSL, the DSL will be informed as soon as possible.
- 26.5 The LA will decide regarding what action is required within one working day of the referral being made and will notify the referrer.
- 26.6 Staff are required to monitor a referral if they do not receive information from the LA regarding what action is necessary for the pupil. Lansdown Park Academy monitors CPOMS referrals on a rolling fortnightly basis as part of the whole school Safeguarding monitoring process.
- 26.7 If the situation does not improve after a referral, the DSL will ask for reconsideration to ensure that their concerns have been addressed and that the situation improves for the pupil.
- 26.8 If early help is appropriate, the case will be kept under constant review. If the pupil's situation does not improve, a referral will be considered.
- 26.9 All concerns, discussions and decisions made, as well as the reasons for making those decisions, will be recorded in writing by the DSL and kept securely on Lansdown Park Academy's CPOMS system.
- 26.10 If a pupil is in immediate danger, a referral will be made to CSCS and/or the police immediately.
- 26.11 If a pupil has committed a crime, such as sexual violence, the police will be notified without delay.
- 26.12 Where there are safeguarding concerns, Lansdown Park Academy will ensure that the pupil's wishes are always considered, and that there are systems available for pupils to provide feedback and express their views.
- 26.13 When responding to safeguarding concerns, staff members will act calmly and supportively, ensuring that the pupil feels like they are being listened to and believed.
- 26.14 An inter-agency assessment will be undertaken where a child and their family could benefit from coordinated support from more than one agency. These assessments will identify what help the child and family require in preventing needs escalating to a point where intervention would be needed.

27. Early help

- 27.1 Early help means providing support as soon as a problem emerges, at any point in a child's life.
- 27.2 Any pupil may benefit from early help, but in particular staff will be alert to the potential need for early help for pupils who:
- Have SEND (whether or not they have a statutory EHC plan).
 - Are young carers.
 - Show signs of being drawn into anti-social or criminal behaviour, including gang involvement and association with organised crime groups.
 - Are frequently missing or going missing from care or from home.
 - Misuse drugs or alcohol.
 - Are at risk of modern slavery, trafficking or exploitation.
 - Are in a family circumstance presenting challenges such as substance abuse, adult mental health problems or domestic abuse.
 - Are returned home to their family from care.
 - Show early signs of abuse and/or neglect.
 - Are at risk of being radicalised or exploited.

- Are privately fostered.

- 27.3 Early help will also be used to address non-violent harmful sexual behaviour to prevent escalation.
- 27.4 All staff will be made aware of the local early help process and understand their role in it.
- 27.5 The DSL will take the lead where early help is appropriate. Early Help and Multi-Agency contacts can be found at the end of this document.

28. Managing referrals

- 28.1 The reporting and referral process outlined in [Appendix C](#) will be followed accordingly.
- 28.2 All staff members, in particular the DSL, will be aware of the LA's arrangements in place for managing referrals. The DSL will provide staff members with clarity and support where needed.
- 28.3 When making a referral to CSCS or other external agencies, information will be shared in line with confidentiality requirements and will only be shared where necessary to do so.
- 28.4 The DSL will work alongside external agencies, maintaining continuous liaison, including multi-agency liaison where appropriate, in order to ensure the wellbeing of the pupils involved.
- 28.5 The DSL will work closely with the police to ensure Lansdown Park Academy does not jeopardise any criminal proceedings, and to obtain help and support as necessary.
- 28.6 Where a pupil has been harmed or is in immediate danger or at risk of harm, the referrer will be notified of the action that will be taken within one working day of a referral being made. Where this information is not forthcoming, the referrer will contact the assigned social worker for more information.
- 28.7 Lansdown Park Academy will not wait for the start or outcome of an investigation before protecting the victim and other pupils: this applies to criminal investigations as well as those made by CSCS.
- 28.8 Where CSCS decide that a statutory investigation is not appropriate, Lansdown Park Academy will consider referring the incident again if it is believed that the pupil is at risk of harm.
- 28.9 Where CSCS decide that a statutory investigation is not appropriate and Lansdown Park Academy agrees with this decision, Lansdown Park Academy will consider the use of other support mechanisms, such as early help and pastoral support.
- 28.10 At all stages of the reporting and referral process, the pupil will be informed of the decisions made, actions taken and reasons for doing so.
- 28.11 Discussions of concerns with parents will only take place where this would not put the pupil or others at potential risk of harm.
- 28.12 Lansdown Park Academy will work closely with parents to ensure that the pupil, as well as their family, understands the arrangements in place, such as in-school interventions, is effectively supported, and knows where they can access additional support.

29. Concerns about staff members and safeguarding practices

- 29.1 If a staff member has concerns about another member of staff (including supply staff and volunteers), it will be raised with the headteacher.
- 29.2 If the concern is with regards to the headteacher, it will be referred to the chair of Academy Council. This is Mr Ray Moorcroft and can be contacted by calling Lansdown Park Academy 0117 9038071
- 29.3 Any concerns regarding the safeguarding practices at Lansdown Park Academy will be raised with the SLT, and the necessary whistleblowing procedures will be followed, as outlined in Learn@MAT Whistleblowing Policy.
- 29.4 If a staff member feels unable to raise an issue with the SLT, they should access other whistleblowing channels such as the NSPCC whistleblowing helpline (0800 028 0285).

- 29.5 Any allegations of abuse made against staff members, including those that meet the harms test, will be dealt with in accordance with Lansdown Park Academy 's policies and procedures.
- 29.6 For the purpose of this policy, the “**harms test**” refers to a situation where a person would pose a risk of harm if they continued to work in regular or close contact with pupils in their present position, or in any capacity.

30. Dealing with allegations of abuse against staff

- 30.1 All allegations against staff, supply staff and volunteers, will be dealt with in line with Lansdown Park Academy 's / Learn@MAT policies and procedures.
- 30.2 Lansdown Park Academy will ensure all allegations against staff, including those who are not employees of Lansdown Park Academy, are dealt with appropriately and that Lansdown Park Academy liaises with the relevant parties including LADO and the police.
- 30.3 When using an agency to access supply staff, Lansdown Park Academy will inform them of its processes for managing allegations, including any updates to the relevant policies, and liaise with the agency's human resources manager/provider where necessary.
- 30.4 When an allegation is made, an investigation will be carried out to gather enough evidence to establish whether it has a foundation, and Lansdown Park Academy will ensure there is sufficient information to meet the [DBS referral criteria](#).
- 30.5 On conclusion of a case, where an individual is removed from regulated activity – this could be due to suspension, redeployment to work that is not in regulated activity, dismissal or resignation – Lansdown Park Academy will refer the case to the DBS as soon as possible.
- 30.6 If a case manager is concerned about the welfare of other children in the community following a staff member's suspension, they may report this concern to CSCS.
- 30.7 Lansdown Park Academy will preserve records which contain information about allegations of sexual abuse for the Independent Inquiry into Child Sexual Abuse (IICSA), for the term of the inquiry in question.

31. Allegations of abuse against other pupils (peer-on-peer abuse)

Sexual harassment

- 31.1 Sexual harassment refers to unwanted conduct of a sexual nature that occurs online or offline. Sexual harassment violates a pupil's dignity and makes them feel intimidated, degraded or humiliated, and can create a hostile, sexualised or offensive environment. If left unchallenged, sexual harassment can create an atmosphere that normalises inappropriate behaviour and may lead to sexual violence.
- 31.2 Sexual harassment includes:
- Sexual comments.
 - Sexual “jokes” and taunting.
 - Physical behaviour, such as deliberately brushing against another pupil.
 - Online sexual harassment, including non-consensual sharing of images and videos and consensual sharing of sexual images and videos (often known as sexting), inappropriate comments on social media, exploitation, coercion, and threats – online sexual harassment may be isolated or part of a wider pattern.

Sexual violence

- 31.3 Sexual violence refers to the three following offences:

- **Rape:** A person (A) commits an offence of rape if they intentionally penetrate the vagina, anus or mouth of another person (B) with their penis, B does not consent to the penetration and A does not reasonably believe that B consents.
- **Assault by penetration:** A person (A) commits an offence if they intentionally penetrate the vagina or anus of another person (B) with a part of their body or anything else, the penetration is sexual, B does not consent to the penetration and A does not reasonably believe that B consents.
- **Sexual assault:** A person (A) commits an offence of sexual assault if they intentionally touch another person (B), the touching is sexual, B does not consent to the touching and A does not reasonably believe that B consents.

Harmful sexual behaviours

31.4 The term “**harmful sexual behaviour**” is used to describe behaviour that is problematic, abusive and violent, and that may cause developmental damage. Harmful sexual behaviour may include:

- Using sexually explicit words and phrases.
- Inappropriate touching.
- Sexual violence or threats.
- Full penetrative sex with other children or adults.
- Sexual interest in adults or children of very different ages to their own.
- Forceful or aggressive sexual behaviour.
- Compulsive habits.
- Sexual behaviour affecting progress and achievement.
- Using sexually explicit words and phrases.
- Inappropriate touching.
- Sexual violence or threats.

31.5 Sexual behaviour can also be harmful if one of the children is much older (especially where there is a difference of two years or more, or where one child is pre-pubescent and the other is not) and where the child may have SEND.

A preventative approach

31.6 In order to prevent peer-on-peer abuse and address the wider societal factors that can influence behaviour, Lansdown Park Academy will educate pupils about abuse, its forms and the importance of discussing any concerns and respecting others through the curriculum, assemblies and PSHE lessons.

31.7 Lansdown Park Academy will also ensure that pupils are taught about safeguarding, including online safety, as part of a broad and balanced curriculum in PSHE lessons, RSE and group sessions. Such content will be age and stage of development specific, and tackle issues such as the following:

- Healthy relationships
- Respectful behaviour
- Gender roles, stereotyping and equality
- LGBTQ+ identities and relationships
- Body confidence and self-esteem
- Prejudiced behaviour
- That sexual violence and sexual harassment is always wrong
- Addressing cultures of sexual harassment

31.8 Pupils will be allowed an open forum to talk about concerns and sexual behaviour. They are taught how to raise concerns and make a report, including concerns about their friends or peers, and how a report will be handled.

Awareness

- 31.9 All staff will be aware that pupils of any age and sex are capable of abusing their peers and will never tolerate abuse as “banter” or “part of growing up”.
- 31.10 All staff will be aware that peer-on-peer abuse can be manifested in many different ways, including sexting and issues that disproportionately affect a certain gender, such as girls being sexually touched or assaulted, and boys being subjected to hazing/initiation type of violence which aims to cause physical, emotional or psychological harm.
- 31.11 All staff will be made aware of the heightened vulnerability of pupils with SEND, who evidence suggests are more likely to be abused than their peers. Staff will not assume that possible indicators of abuse relate to the pupil’s SEND and will always explore indicators further.
- 31.12 LGBTQ+ pupils are also more likely to be targeted by their peers. In some cases, pupils who are perceived to be LGBTQ+, whether they are or not, can be just as vulnerable to abuse as LGBTQ+ pupils.
- 31.13 Lansdown Park Academy’s response to sexual violence and sexual harassment between pupils of the same sex will be equally as robust as it is for incidents between children of the opposite sex.
- 31.14 Pupils will be made aware of how to raise concerns or make a report and how any reports will be handled. This includes the process for reporting concerns about friends or peers.

Support available if a child has been harmed, is in immediate danger or at risk of harm

- 31.15 If a pupil has been harmed, is in immediate danger or is at risk of harm, a referral will be made to CSCS.
- 31.16 Within one working day, a social worker will respond to the referrer to explain the action that will be taken.

Support available if early help, section 17 and/or section 47 statutory assessments are appropriate

- 31.17 If early help, section 17 and/or section 47 statutory assessments (assessments under the Children Act 1989) are appropriate, school staff may be required to support external agencies. The DSL and deputies will support staff as required.

Support available if a crime may have been committed

- 31.18 Rape, assault by penetration and sexual assault are crimes. Where a report includes such an act, the police will be notified, often as a natural progression of making a referral to CSCS. The DSL will be aware of the local process for referrals to both CSCS and the police.
- 31.19 Whilst the age of criminal responsibility is 10 years of age, if the alleged perpetrator is under 10, the principle of referring to the police remains. In these cases, the police will take a welfare approach rather than a criminal justice approach.
- 31.20 Lansdown Park Academy has a close relationship with the local police force and the DSL will liaise closely with the local police presence.

Support available if reports include online behaviour

- 31.21 Online concerns can be especially complicated. Lansdown Park Academy recognises that there is potential for an online incident to extend further than the local community and for a victim, or the alleged perpetrator, to become marginalised and excluded both online and offline. There is also strong potential for repeat victimisation if the content continues to exist.
- 31.22 If the incident involves sexual images or videos held online, the [Internet Watch Foundation](#) will be consulted to have the material removed.
- 31.23 Staff will not view or forward illegal images of a child. If they are made aware of such an image, they will contact the DSL.

Managing disclosures

- 31.24 Victims will always be taken seriously, reassured, supported and kept safe. Victims will never be made to feel like they are causing a problem or made to feel ashamed.
- 31.25 If a friend of a victim makes a report or a member of staff overhears a conversation, staff will act – they will never assume that someone else will deal with it. The basic principles remain the same as when a victim reports an incident; however, staff will consider why the victim has not chosen to make a report themselves and the discussion will be handled sensitively and with the help of CSCS where necessary. If staff are in any doubt, they will speak to the DSL.
- 31.26 Where an alleged incident took place away from Lansdown Park Academy or online but involved pupils from Lansdown Park Academy, Lansdown Park Academy's duty to safeguard pupils remains the same.
- 31.27 All staff will be trained to handle disclosures. Effective safeguarding practice includes:
- Never promising confidentiality at the initial stage.
 - Only sharing the report with those necessary for its progression.
 - Explaining to the victim what the next steps will be and who the report will be passed to.
 - Recognising that the person the pupil chose to disclose the information to is in a position of trust.
 - Being clear about boundaries and how the report will be progressed.
 - Not asking leading questions and only prompting the pupil with open questions.
 - Waiting until the end of the disclosure to immediately write a thorough summary. If notes must be taken during the disclosure, it is important to still remain engaged and not appear distracted.
 - Only recording the facts as the pupil presents them – not the opinions of the note taker.
 - Where the report includes an online element, being aware of searching, screening and confiscation advice and [UKCCIS sexting advice](#).
 - Wherever possible, managing disclosures with two staff members present (preferably with the DSL or a deputy as one of the staff members).
 - Informing the DSL or deputy as soon as possible after the disclosure if they could not be involved in the disclosure.
- 31.28 The DSL will be informed of any allegations of abuse against pupils with SEND. They will record the incident in writing and, working with the SENCO, decide what course of action is necessary, with the best interests of the pupil in mind at all times.

Confidentiality

- 31.29 Lansdown Park Academy will only engage staff and agencies required to support the victim and/or be involved in any investigation. If a victim asks Lansdown Park Academy not to tell anyone about the disclosure, Lansdown Park Academy cannot make this promise. Even without the victim's consent, the information may still be lawfully shared if it is in the public interest and protects children from harm.
- 31.30 The DSL will consider the following when making confidentiality decisions:
- Parents will be informed unless it will place the victim at greater risk.
 - If a pupil is at risk of harm, is in immediate danger or has been harmed, a referral will be made to CSCS.
 - Rape, assault by penetration and sexual assault are crimes – reports containing any such crimes will be passed to the police.
- 31.31 The DSL will weigh the victim's wishes against their duty to protect the victim and others. If a referral is made against the victim's wishes, it will be done so extremely carefully and the reasons for referral will be explained to the victim. Appropriate specialist support will always be offered.

Anonymity

31.32 There are legal requirements for anonymity where a case is progressing through the criminal justice system. Lansdown Park Academy will do all it can to protect the anonymity of children involved in any report of sexual violence or sexual harassment. It will carefully consider, based on the nature of the report, which staff will be informed and what support will be in place for the children involved.

31.33 When deciding on the steps to take, Lansdown Park Academy will consider the role of social media in potentially exposing victims' identities and facilitating the spread of rumours.

Risk assessment

31.34 The DSL or a deputy will make an immediate risk and needs assessment any time there is a report of sexual violence. For reports of sexual harassment, a risk assessment will be considered on a case-by-case basis. Risk assessments are not intended to replace the detailed assessments of experts, and for incidents of sexual violence it is likely that a professional risk assessment by a social worker or sexual violence specialist will be required.

31.35 Risk assessments will consider:

- The victim.
- The alleged perpetrator.
- Other pupils at Lansdown Park Academy, especially any actions that are appropriate to protect them.

31.36 Risk assessments will be recorded (either on paper or electronically) and kept under review in accordance with Lansdown Park Academy's Data Protection Policy.

Taking action following a disclosure

31.37 The DSL or a deputy will decide Lansdown Park Academy's initial response, taking into consideration:

- The victim's wishes.
- The nature of the incident.
- The ages and developmental stages of the pupils involved.
- Any power imbalance between the pupils.
- Whether the incident is a one-off or part of a pattern.
- Any ongoing risks.
- Any related issues and the wider context, such as whether there are wider environmental factors in a pupil's life that threaten their safety and/or welfare.
- The best interests of the pupil.
- That sexual violence and sexual harassment are always unacceptable and will not be tolerated.

31.38 Immediate consideration will be given as to how to support the victim, alleged perpetrator and any other pupils involved.

31.39 For reports of rape and assault by penetration, whilst Lansdown Park Academy establishes the facts, the alleged perpetrator will be removed from any classes shared with the victim. Lansdown Park Academy will consider how to keep the victim and alleged perpetrator apart on school premises, and on transport where applicable. These actions will not be seen as a judgement of guilt on the alleged perpetrator.

31.40 For reports of sexual violence and sexual harassment, the proximity of the victim and alleged perpetrator and the suitability of shared classes, premises and transport will be considered immediately.

31.41 In all cases, the initial report will be carefully evaluated and the wishes of the victim, nature of the allegations and requirement to protect all children will be taken into consideration.

31.42 Where a pupil is found to have been involved in harmful sexual behaviour, e.g. non-consensually sharing indecent imagery of another pupil, Lansdown Park Academy will help the pupil to move

forward from the incident by supporting them in adopting more positive behaviour patterns and attitudes.

Managing the report

31.43 The decision of when to inform the alleged perpetrator of a report will be made on a case-by-case basis. If a report is being referred to CSCS or the police, Lansdown Park Academy will speak to the relevant agency to discuss informing the alleged perpetrator.

31.44 There are four likely outcomes when managing reports of sexual violence or sexual harassment:

- Managing internally
- Providing early help
- Referring to CSCS
- Reporting to the police

31.45 Whatever outcome is chosen, it will be underpinned by the principle that sexual violence and sexual harassment are never acceptable and will not be tolerated. All concerns, discussion, decisions and reasons behind decisions will be recorded either on paper or electronically.

31.46 The following situations are statutorily clear and do not allow for contrary decisions:

- The age of consent is 16.
- A child under the age of 16 can never consent to sexual activity.
- Sexual intercourse without consent is rape.
- Rape, assault by penetration and sexual assault are defined in law.
- Creating and sharing sexual photos and videos of children under 18 is illegal – including children making and sending images and videos of themselves.

Managing internally

31.47 In some cases, e.g. one-off incidents, Lansdown Park Academy may decide to handle the incident internally through behaviour and bullying policies and by providing pastoral support.

Providing early help

31.48 Lansdown Park Academy may decide that statutory interventions are not required, but that pupils may benefit from early help – providing support as soon as a problem emerges. This approach can be particularly useful in addressing non-violent harmful sexual behaviour and may prevent the escalation of sexual violence.

Referral to CSCS

31.49 If a pupil has been harmed, is at risk of harm or is in immediate danger, Lansdown Park Academy will make a referral to CSCS. Parents will be informed unless there is a compelling reason not to do so (if referral will place the victim at risk). This decision will be made in consultation with CSCS.

31.50 Lansdown Park Academy will not wait for the outcome of an investigation before protecting the victim and other children.

31.51 The DSL will work closely with CSCS to ensure that Lansdown Park Academy's actions do not jeopardise any investigation. Any related risk assessment will be used to inform all decisions.

31.52 If CSCS decide that a statutory investigation is not appropriate, Lansdown Park Academy will consider referring the incident again if they believe the pupil to be in immediate danger or at risk of harm.

31.53 If Lansdown Park Academy agrees with the decision made by CSCS, they will consider the use of other support mechanisms such as early help, pastoral support and specialist support.

Reporting to the police

31.54 Reports of rape, assault by penetration or sexual assault will be passed on to the police – even if the alleged perpetrator is under 10 years of age. Generally, this will be in parallel with referral to CSCS. The DSL and deputies will follow the local process for referral.

- 31.55 Parents will be informed unless there is a compelling reason not to do so. Where parents are not informed, it is essential for Lansdown Park Academy to support the pupil with any decision they take, in unison with CSCS and any appropriate specialist agencies.
- 31.56 The DSL and Academy Council will agree what information will be disclosed to staff and others, in particular the alleged perpetrator and their parents. They will also discuss the best way to protect the victim and their anonymity.
- 31.57 The DSL will be aware of local arrangements and specialist units that investigate child abuse.
- 31.58 In some cases, it may become clear that the police will not take further action, for whatever reason. In these circumstances, Lansdown Park Academy will continue to engage with specialist support for the victim as required.

Bail conditions

- 31.59 Police bail is only used in exceptional circumstances. It is unlikely that a pupil will be placed on police bail if alternative measures can be used to mitigate risks.
- 31.60 Lansdown Park Academy will work with CSCS and the police to support the victim, alleged perpetrator and other children (especially witnesses) during criminal investigations. Lansdown Park Academy will seek advice from the police to ensure they meet their safeguarding responsibilities.
- 31.61 The term 'released under investigation' (RUI) is used to describe alleged perpetrators released in circumstances that do not warrant the application of bail.
- 31.62 Where bail is deemed necessary, Lansdown Park Academy will work with CSCS and the police to safeguard children – ensuring that the victim can continue in their normal routine and continue to receive a suitable education.

Managing delays in the criminal justice system

- 31.63 Lansdown Park Academy will not wait for the outcome (or even the start) of criminal proceedings before protecting the victim, alleged perpetrator and other children. The associated risk assessment will be used to inform any decisions made.
- 31.64 The DSL will work closely with the police to ensure Lansdown Park Academy does not jeopardise any criminal proceedings, and to obtain help and support as necessary.

The end of the criminal process

- 31.65 Risk assessments will be updated if the alleged perpetrator receives a caution or is convicted. If the perpetrator remains in the same school as the victim, Lansdown Park Academy will set out clear expectations regarding the perpetrator, including their behaviour and any restrictions deemed reasonable and proportionate with regards to the perpetrator's timetable.
- 31.66 Lansdown Park Academy will ensure that the victim and perpetrator remain protected from bullying and harassment (including online).
- 31.67 Where an alleged perpetrator is found not guilty or a case is classed as requiring "no further action", Lansdown Park Academy will offer support to the victim and alleged perpetrator for as long as is necessary. The victim is likely to be traumatised and the fact that an allegation cannot be substantiated does not necessarily mean that it was unfounded. Lansdown Park Academy will discuss decisions with the victim and offer support.
- 31.68 The alleged perpetrator is also likely to require ongoing support, as they have also been through a difficult and upsetting experience.

Ongoing support for the victim

- 31.69 Any decisions regarding safeguarding and supporting the victim will be made with the following considerations in mind:
- The terminology Lansdown Park Academy uses to describe the victim
 - The age and developmental stage of the victim

- The needs and wishes of the victim
- Whether the victim wishes to continue in their normal routine
- The victim will not be made to feel ashamed about making a report
- What a proportionate response looks like

31.70 Victims may not disclose the whole picture immediately and they may be more comfortable talking about the incident on a piecemeal basis; therefore, a dialogue will be kept open and the victim can choose to appoint a designated trusted adult.

31.71 Victims may struggle in a normal classroom environment. Whilst it is important not to isolate the victim, the victim may wish to be withdrawn from lessons and activities at times. This will only happen when the victim wants it to, not because it makes it easier to manage the situation.

31.72 Lansdown Park Academy will provide a physical space for victims to withdraw to.

31.73 Victims may require support for a long period of time and Lansdown Park Academy will be prepared to offer long-term support in liaison with relevant agencies.

31.74 Everything possible will be done to prevent the victim from bullying and harassment as a result of any report they have made.

31.75 If the victim is unable to remain in Lansdown Park Academy, alternative provision or a move to another school will be considered – this will only be considered at the request of the victim and following discussion with their parents.

31.76 If the victim does move to another school, the DSL will inform Lansdown Park Academy of any ongoing support needs and transfer the child protection file.

Ongoing support for the alleged perpetrator

31.77 Any decisions made regarding the support required for an alleged perpetrator will be made with the following considerations in mind:

- The terminology Lansdown Park Academy uses to describe the alleged perpetrator
- The balance of safeguarding the victim and providing the alleged perpetrator with education and support
- The reasons why the alleged perpetrator may have abused the victim – and the support necessary
- Their age and developmental stage
- What a proportionate response looks like
- Whether the behaviour is a symptom of their own abuse or exposure to abusive practices and/or materials
- What the outcome of the investigation was

31.78 When making a decision, advice will be taken from CSCS, specialist sexual violence services and the police as appropriate.

31.79 If the alleged perpetrator moves to another school (for any reason), the DSL will inform the destination school of any ongoing support needs and transfer the child protection file.

31.80 If the reported abuse is found to have taken place, Lansdown Park Academy will work with professionals as required to understand why the abuse took place and provide a high level of support to help the pupil understand and overcome the reasons for their behaviour and reduce the likelihood of them abusing again.

Disciplining the alleged perpetrator

31.81 Disciplinary action can be taken whilst investigations are ongoing and the fact that investigations are ongoing does not prevent Lansdown Park Academy reaching its own conclusion and imposing an appropriate penalty.

- 31.82 Lansdown Park Academy will make such decisions on a case-by-case basis, with the DSL taking a leading role. Lansdown Park Academy will take into consideration whether any action would prejudice an investigation and/or subsequent prosecution. The police and CSCS will be consulted where necessary.
- 31.83 Lansdown Park Academy will also consider whether circumstances make it unreasonable or irrational for Lansdown Park Academy to decide about what happened while an investigation is considering the same facts.
- 31.84 Disciplinary action and support can take place at the same time.
- 31.85 Lansdown Park Academy will be clear whether action taken is disciplinary, supportive or both.

Shared classes

- 31.86 Once the DSL has decided to progress a report, they will again consider whether the victim and alleged perpetrator will be separated in classes, on school premises and on school transport – balancing Lansdown Park Academy’s duty to educate against its duty to safeguard. The best interests of the pupil will always come first.
- 31.87 Where there is a criminal investigation into rape or assault by penetration, the alleged perpetrator will be removed from classes with the victim and potential contact on school premises and transport will be prevented.
- 31.88 Where a criminal investigation into rape or assault by penetration leads to a conviction or caution, in all but the most exceptional circumstances, this will constitute a serious breach of discipline and result in the view that allowing the perpetrator to remain in Lansdown Park Academy would harm the education or welfare of the victim and potentially other pupils.
- 31.89 Where a criminal investigation into sexual assault leads to a conviction or caution, Lansdown Park Academy will consider suitable sanctions and permanent exclusion. If the perpetrator will remain at Lansdown Park Academy, Lansdown Park Academy will keep the victim and perpetrator in separate classes and manage potential contact on school premises and transport. The nature of the conviction or caution, alongside the wishes of the victim, will inform any discussions made.
- 31.90 Where a report of sexual assault does not lead to a police investigation, this does not mean that the offence did not happen or that the victim has lied. Both the victim and alleged perpetrator will be affected and appropriate support will be provided. Considerations regarding sharing classes and potential contact will be made on a case-by-case basis.
- 31.91 In all cases, Lansdown Park Academy will record its decisions and be able to justify them. The needs and wishes of the victim will always be at the heart of the process.

Working with parents and carers

- 31.92 In most sexual violence cases, Lansdown Park Academy will work with the parents of both the victim and alleged perpetrator. For cases of sexual harassment, these decisions will be made on a case-by-case basis.
- 31.93 Lansdown Park Academy will meet the victim’s parents with the victim present to discuss the arrangements being put in place to safeguard the victim, and to understand their wishes in terms of support arrangements and the progression of the report.
- 31.94 Schools will also meet with the parents of the alleged perpetrator to discuss arrangements that will impact their child, such as moving them out of classes with the victim. Reasons behind decisions will be explained and the support being made available will be discussed. The DSL or a deputy will attend such meetings, with agencies invited as necessary.
- 31.95 Clear policies regarding how Lansdown Park Academy will handle reports of sexual violence and how victims and alleged perpetrators will be supported will be made available to parents.

Safeguarding other children

- 31.96 Children who have witnessed sexual violence, especially rape and assault by penetration, will be provided with support.
- 31.97 It is likely that children will “take sides” following a report, and Lansdown Park Academy will do everything in its power to protect the victim, alleged perpetrator and witnesses from bullying and harassment.
- 31.98 Lansdown Park Academy will keep in mind that contact may be made between the victim and alleged perpetrator, and that harassment from friends of both parties could take place via social media, and will do everything in its power to prevent such activity.
- 31.99 As part of Lansdown Park Academy’s risk assessment following a report, transport arrangements will be considered, as it is a potentially vulnerable place for both the victim and alleged perpetrator. Schools will consider any additional support that can be put in place.

32. Communication and confidentiality

- 32.1 All child protection and safeguarding concerns will be treated in the strictest of confidence in accordance with school data protection policies.
- 32.2 Where there is an allegation or incident of sexual abuse or violence, the victim is entitled to anonymity by law; therefore, Lansdown Park Academy will consult its policy and agree on what information will be disclosed to staff and others, in particular the alleged perpetrator and their parents.
- 32.3 Where a report of sexual violence or sexual harassment is progressing through the criminal justice system, Lansdown Park Academy will do all it can to protect the anonymity of the pupils involved in the case.
- 32.4 Concerns will only be reported to those necessary for its progression and reports will only be shared amongst staff members and with external agencies on a need-to-know basis.
- 32.5 During the disclosure of a concern by a pupil, staff members will not promise the pupil confidentiality and will ensure that they are aware of what information will be shared, with whom and why.
- 32.6 Where it is in the public interest, and protects pupils from harm, information can be lawfully shared without the victim’s consent, e.g. if doing so would assist the prevention, detection or prosecution of a serious crime.
- 32.7 Before doing so, the DSL will weigh the victim’s wishes against their duty to protect the victim and others.
- 32.8 Where a referral is made against the victim’s wishes, it is done so carefully with the reasons for the referral explained to the victim and specialist support offered.
- 32.9 Depending on the nature of a concern, the DSL will discuss the concern with the parents of the pupils involved.
- 32.10 Discussions with parents will not take place where they could potentially put a pupil at risk of harm.
- 32.11 Discussion with the victim’s parents will relate to the arrangements being put in place to safeguard the victim, with the aim of understanding their wishes in terms of support arrangements and the progression of the report.
- 32.12 Discussion with the alleged perpetrator’s parents will have regards to the arrangements that will impact their child, such as moving classes, with the reasons behind decisions being explained and the available support discussed.
- 32.13 External agencies will be invited to these discussions where necessary.
- 32.14 Where confidentiality or anonymity has been breached, Lansdown Park Academy will implement the appropriate disciplinary procedures as necessary and will analyse how damage can be minimised and future breaches be prevented.

32.15 Where a pupil is leaving Lansdown Park Academy, the DSL will consider whether it is appropriate to share any information with the pupil's new provider, in addition to the child protection file, that will allow the new provider to support the pupil and arrange appropriate support for their arrival.

33. Online safety

33.1 As part of a broad and balanced curriculum, all pupils will be made aware of online risks and taught how to stay safe online.

33.2 Through training, all staff members will be made aware of the following:

- Pupil attitudes and behaviours which may indicate they are at risk of potential harm online
- The procedure to follow when they have a concern regarding a pupil's online activity

33.3 Lansdown Park Academy will ensure that suitable filtering systems are in place on ICT equipment to prevent children accessing terrorist and extremist material, in accordance with Lansdown Park Academy's Data and E-Security Breach Prevention and Management Plan. Lansdown Park Academy IT systems are monitored and filtered by OAKFORD.

33.4 The use of mobile phones by staff and pupils is closely monitored by Lansdown Park Academy, in accordance with the Personal Electronic Devices Policy.

33.5 Lansdown Park Academy will ensure that the use of filtering and monitoring systems does not cause "over blocking" which may lead to unreasonable restrictions as to what pupils can be taught regarding online teaching.

33.6 Further information regarding Lansdown Park Academy's approach to online safety can be found in the Online Safety Policy.

33.7 Where pupils need to learn online from home, Lansdown Park Academy will support them to do so safely in line with the Pupil Remote Learning Policy and government [guidance](#).

34. Mobile phone and camera safety

34.1 Staff members will not use personal mobile phones or cameras when pupils are present.

34.2 Staff may use mobile phones on school premises outside of working hours when no pupils are present.

34.3 Staff may use mobile phones in the staffroom during breaks and non-contact time.

34.4 Mobile phones will be safely stored and in silent mode whilst pupils are present.

34.5 Staff will use their professional judgement in emergency situations.

34.6 Staff may take mobile phones on trips, but they must only be used in emergencies and should not be used when pupils are present.

34.7 Mobile devices will not be used to take images or videos of pupils or staff in any circumstances.

34.8 The sending of inappropriate messages or images from mobile devices is strictly prohibited.

34.9 Staff who do not adhere to this policy will face disciplinary action.

34.10 ICT technicians and the Head/Deputy Headteacher will review and authorise any downloadable apps – no apps or programmes will be downloaded without express permission.

34.11 Lansdown Park Academy will adhere to the terms of the Online Safety Policy at all times.

34.12 Photographs and videos of pupils will be carefully planned before any activity with particular regard to consent and adhering to Lansdown Park Academy's Data Protection Policy.

34.13 The DPO will oversee the planning of any events where photographs and videos will be taken.

- 34.14 Where photographs and videos will involve pupils who are LAC, adopted pupils, or pupils for whom there are security concerns, the headteacher will liaise with the DSL to determine the steps involved.
- 34.15 The DSL will, in known cases of pupils who are LAC or who have been adopted, liaise with the pupils' social workers, carers or adoptive parents to assess the needs and risks associated with the pupils.
- 34.16 Lansdown Park Academy will adhere to its Photography Policy at all times.
- 34.17 Staff will report any concerns about another staff member's use of mobile phones to the DSL, following the procedures outlined in the Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy and the Allegations of Abuse Against Staff Policy.

Upskirting

- 34.18 Under the Voyeurism (Offences) Act 2019, it is an offence to operate equipment and to record an image beneath a person's clothing without consent and with the intention of observing, or enabling another person to observe, the victim's genitals or buttocks (whether exposed or covered with underwear), in circumstances where their genitals, buttocks or underwear would not otherwise be visible, for a specified purpose.
- 34.19 A "**specified purpose**" is namely:
- Obtaining sexual gratification (either for themselves or for the person they are enabling to view the victim's genitals, buttocks or underwear).
 - To humiliate, distress or alarm the victim.
- 34.20 "**Operating equipment**" includes enabling, or securing, activation by another person without that person's knowledge, e.g. a motion-activated camera.
- 34.21 Upskirting will not be tolerated by Lansdown Park Academy.
- 34.22 Any incidents of upskirting will be reported to the DSL, who will then decide on the next steps to take, which may include police involvement.

35. Sports clubs and extracurricular activities

- 35.1 Clubs and extracurricular activities hosted by external bodies, e.g. charities or companies, will work in collaboration with Lansdown Park Academy to effectively safeguard pupils and adhere to local safeguarding arrangements.
- 35.2 Paid and volunteer staff running sports clubs and extracurricular activities are aware of their safeguarding responsibilities and promote the welfare of pupils.
- 35.3 Paid and volunteer staff understand how they should respond to child protection concerns and how to make a referral to CSCS or the police, if necessary.
- 35.4 All national governing bodies of sport that receive funding from either Sport England or UK Sport, must aim to meet the Standards for Safeguarding and Protecting Children in Sport.

36. Safer recruitment

- 36.1 An enhanced DBS check with barred list information will be undertaken for all staff members engaged in regulated activity. A person will be considered to be in 'regulated activity' if, as a result of their work, they:
- Are responsible on a daily basis for the care or supervision of children.
 - Regularly work in Lansdown Park Academy at times when children are on the premises.
 - Regularly come into contact with children under 18 years of age.

36.2 The DfE's [DBS Workforce Guides](#) will be consulted when determining whether a position fits the child workforce criteria.

Pre-employment checks

36.3 The Academy Council will assess the suitability of prospective employees by:

- Verifying the candidate's identity, preferably from the most current photographic ID and proof of address except where, for exceptional reasons, none is available.
- Obtaining a certificate for an enhanced DBS check with barred list information where the person will be engaged in regulated activity.
- Obtaining a separate barred list check if an individual will start work in regulated activity before the DBS certificate is available.
- Checking that a candidate to be employed as a teacher is not subject to a prohibition order issued by the Secretary of State, using the [TRA Teacher Services' System](#) where applicable.
- Verifying the candidate's mental and physical fitness to undertake their working responsibilities, including asking relevant questions about disability and health to establish whether they have the physical and mental capacity for the specific role.
- Checking the person's right to work in the UK. If there is uncertainty about whether an individual needs permission to work in the UK, the advice set out on the [Gov.UK](#) website will be followed.
- If the person has lived or worked outside the UK, making any further checks that Lansdown Park Academy considers appropriate.
- Checking professional experience, QTS and qualifications as appropriate using Teacher Services.
- Confirming that an individual taking up a management position is not subject to a section 128 direction.

36.4 An enhanced DBS certificate will be obtained from candidates before or as soon as practicable after appointment. An online update check may be undertaken through the DBS update service if an applicant has subscribed to it and gives their permission.

Internal candidates

36.5 References from internal candidates will always be scrutinised before appointment.

ITT candidates

36.6 Where applicants for ITT are salaried by Lansdown Park Academy, Lansdown Park Academy will ensure that enhanced DBS checks with barred list information are carried out.

36.7 Written confirmation will be obtained to ensure that an enhanced DBS certificate and barred list check has been carried out for all fee-funded trainees.

Academy Councillors

36.8 The trust requires enhanced DBS checks on all members of the academy trust, individual charity trustees, and the chair of the board of charity trustees.

36.9 Before an individual becomes a trustee, Lansdown Park Academy will carry out an enhanced DBS check and confirm their identity.

36.10 Where a trustee also engages in any regulated activity, a barred list check will also be requested.

36.11 An additional check is required for those in management positions, to ensure that they are not prohibited under section 128 provisions. Where a barred list check has been performed, the section 128 direction will also be shown and will not require a separate check.

36.12 If the individual lives or has lived outside of the UK, consideration will be given as to further checks that may be necessary.

36.13 The chair of trustees will complete a suitability check with the ESFA as soon as they are appointed.

36.14 To process a suitability check, the chair of Academy Council will provide the EFSA with:

- Information about their identity verified by a recognised professional, using the EFSA's [verification form](#).
- Information confirming their right to work in the UK.
- The outcome of an enhanced DBS check.
- An overseas criminal record check or certificate of good character if they have lived outside of the UK.

Those who have lived or worked outside of the UK

As of 1 January 2021, the Teaching Regulation Agency (TRA) ceased to maintain a list of EEA teachers with sanctions. Schools must continue to carry out safer recruitment checks on all candidates and must conduct any further checks on candidates from overseas that schools think relevant.

- 36.15 For candidates who have lived or worked outside the UK, all mandatory checks outlined in this policy will be carried out, along with any additional checks where necessary.
- 36.16 For candidates who have lived or worked outside the UK, Lansdown Park Academy will make further checks where necessary, including, but not limited to:
- Obtaining an enhanced DBS certificate (with barred list information for candidates applying for roles that involve regulated activity), including for candidates who have not been to the UK before.
 - For teaching staff, obtaining proof of their past conduct as a teacher, in the form of a letter of professional standing from the professional regulating authority in the country in which they worked.
 - Where a professional letter of standing cannot be obtained, conducting a risk assessment or seeking alternative methods of checking suitability to support informed decision-making.

Barred list check

- 36.17 An enhanced DBS check may be requested for anyone working in school that is not in regulated activity but does not have a barred list check.
- 36.18 If there are concerns about an applicant, an enhanced DBS check with barred list information may be requested, even if they have worked in regulated activity in the three months prior to appointment.
- 36.19 Written information about their previous employment history will be obtained from candidates and the appropriate checks undertaken to ensure information is not contradictory or incomplete.

References

- 36.20 References will be obtained directly from referees and scrutinised, with all concerns satisfactorily resolved prior to confirmation of employment.
- 36.21 References will only be accepted from a senior person and not from a colleague.
- 36.22 References will be sought on all short-listed candidates, including internal ones, before an interview and checked on receipt to ensure that all specific questions were answered satisfactorily.
- 36.23 References will be obtained prior to interviews taking place and discussed during interviews.
- 36.24 Open testimonials will not be considered.
- 36.25 Information about past disciplinary actions or allegations will be considered carefully when assessing an applicant's suitability for a post.
- 36.26 Information sourced directly from a candidate or online source will be carefully vetted to ensure they originate from a credible source.

Volunteers

- 36.27 No volunteer will be left unsupervised with a pupil or allowed to work in regulated activity until the necessary checks have been obtained.

- 36.28 An enhanced DBS certificate with barred list check will be obtained for all new volunteers in regulated activity that will regularly teach or look after children on an unsupervised basis or provide personal care on a one-off basis.
- 36.29 Personal care includes helping a child with eating and drinking for reasons of illness, or care in connection with toileting, washing, bathing and dressing for reasons of age, illness or disability.
- 36.30 A supervised volunteer who regularly teaches or looks after children is not in regulated activity.
- 36.31 Lansdown Park Academy will obtain an enhanced DBS certificate with barred list check for existing volunteers that provide pastoral care.
- 36.32 Unless there is cause for concern, Lansdown Park Academy will not request any new DBS certificates with barred list check for existing volunteers that have already been checked.
- 36.33 A risk assessment will be undertaken for volunteers not engaged in regulated activity when deciding whether to seek an enhanced DBS check.

Associate members

- 36.34 Associate members (i.e. individuals that are appointed by the Academy Council to serve on one or more committees) will not be required to obtain enhanced DBS checks.

Contractors

- 36.35 Lansdown Park Academy will ensure that any contractor or employee of the contractor working on the premises has been subject to the appropriate level of DBS check.
- 36.36 Checks will be conducted to ensure that the contractor presenting themselves for work is the same person on whom the checks have been made.
- 36.37 Contractors without a DBS check will be supervised if they will have contact with children. The identity of the contractor will be checked upon their arrival at Lansdown Park Academy.

Data retention

- 36.38 DBS certificates will be securely destroyed as soon as practicable, but not retained for longer than six months from receipt.
- 36.39 A copy of the other documents used to verify the successful candidate's identity, right to work and required qualifications will be kept for the personnel file. The personnel file will be held for the duration of the employee's employment plus six years.

Referral to the DBS

- 36.40 Lansdown Park Academy will refer to the DBS anyone who has harmed a child or poses a risk of harm to a child, or if there is reason to believe the member of staff has committed an offence and has been removed from working in regulated activity. The duty will also apply in circumstances where an individual is deployed to another area of work that is not in regulated activity or they are suspended.

Ongoing suitability

- 36.41 Following appointment, consideration will be given to staff and volunteers' ongoing suitability – to prevent the opportunity for harm to children or placing children at risk.

37. Single central record (SCR)

- 37.1 Lansdown Park Academy keeps an SCR which records all staff, including supply staff and teacher trainees on salaried routes, who work at Lansdown Park Academy.
- 37.2 The MAT holds a central SCR containing information that is easily accessible and recorded in such a way that allows for details for each individual academy to be provided separately, and without delay, to all who need to see it, including Ofsted.
- 37.3 All members of the proprietor body are also recorded on the SCR.

37.4 The following information is recorded on the SCR:

- An identity checks
- A barred list checks
- An enhanced DBS checks
- A prohibition from teaching check
- A section 128 check
- A check of professional qualifications
- A check to determine the individual's right to work in the UK
- Additional checks for those who have lived or worked outside of the UK

37.5 For agency and third-party supply staff, Lansdown Park Academy will also record whether written confirmation from the employment business supplying the member of staff has been received which indicates that all the necessary checks have been conducted and the date that confirmation was received.

37.6 If any checks have been conducted for volunteers, this will also be recorded on the SCR.

37.7 If risk assessments are conducted to assess whether a volunteer should be subject to an enhanced DBS check, the risk assessment will be recorded.

38. Training

38.1 Staff members will undergo safeguarding and child protection training at induction, which will be regularly updated on a termly basis or whenever there is a change in legislation.

38.2 The induction training will cover:

- The Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy.
- The Engagement for Learning (Behavioural) Policy.
- The Staff Code of Conduct.
- The safeguarding response to children who go missing from education.
- The identity of the DSL and any deputies.
- The role of the DSL and deputy DSLs.

38.3 All staff members will also receive regular safeguarding and child protection updates as required, but at least annually.

38.4 Training will cover, at a minimum:

- The issues surrounding sexual violence and sexual harassment.
- Contextual safeguarding.
- How to keep previously LAC safe.
- Child criminal exploitation and the need to refer cases to the National Referral Mechanism.

38.5 Staff will receive opportunities to contribute towards and inform the safeguarding arrangements in Lansdown Park Academy.

38.6 The DSL and deputy DSL will undergo updated child protection training every two years, as well as additional training to refresh their skills and knowledge at regular intervals (at least annually) to allow them to keep up-to-date with any developments relevant to their role.

38.7 The DSL and deputy DSL will also undergo Prevent awareness training every two years which will enable them to understand and support Lansdown Park Academy with regards to the Prevent duty and equip them with the knowledge needed to advise staff.

38.8 The DSL and their deputy(s) will undergo online safety training to help them recognise the additional risks that pupils with SEND face online, for example, from online bullying, grooming and radicalisation, to ensure they have the capability to support pupils with SEND to stay safe online.

38.9 Online training will also be conducted for all staff members as part of the overall safeguarding approach.

39. Monitoring and review

39.1 This policy is reviewed annually by the DSL and the headteacher.

39.2 Any changes made to this policy will be communicated to all members of staff.

39.3 All members of staff are required to familiarise themselves with all processes and procedures outlined in this policy as part of their induction programme.

39.4 The next scheduled review date for this policy is September 2021.

a) Coronavirus (COVID-19): safeguarding during the pandemic

Statement of intent

We understand that we face a time of great uncertainty and, as a school, we are doing all we can to provide clarity and safety to Lansdown Park Academy community. This appendix includes provisions which Lansdown Park Academy will have due regard for during the coronavirus pandemic. The information in this section is under constant review and is updated to reflect changes to government and local guidance as it is released.

1. Key definitions

1.1 For the purpose of this policy, the following definitions will be utilised:

- **Children of critical workers:** critical workers are defined by the government as those whose work is critical to the coronavirus (COVID-19) and EU transition response and includes those who work in health and social care and in other key sectors as outlined below:
 - Health and social care, e.g. doctors, nurses, social workers and care workers
 - Education and childcare, e.g. teachers, DSLs and support staff
 - Key public services, e.g. the justice system, frontline workers in public services and charities
 - Local and national government, e.g. administrative occupations essential to the effective delivery of the coronavirus response, and the delivery of and response to EU transition, as well as essential public services
 - Food and other necessary goods, e.g. those involved in food production, processing, distribution, sales and delivery
 - Public safety and national security, e.g. police and ministry of defence workers
 - Transport, e.g. those who will keep the air, water, road and rail passenger and freight transport modes operating during the coronavirus response and EU transition
 - Utilities, communication and financial services, e.g. bankers, oil workers, and telecommunications (999 and 111 critical services and postal workers)
- **Vulnerable children:** vulnerable children are defined as children who:
 - Are supported by social care.
 - Are on the edge of receiving support from social care.
 - Have safeguarding and welfare needs.
 - Have child in need plans.
 - Have child protection plans.
 - Are LAC.
 - Are young carers.
 - Are disabled.
 - Have an EHC plan.
 - Are adopted.
 - Are living in temporary accommodation.
 - Are at risk of becoming not in education, employment, or training (NEET).

- Are assessed as otherwise vulnerable by education providers or LAs.
- May have difficulty engaging with remote education at home (for example due to a lack of devices or quiet space to study).
- Are care leavers.
- Are at Lansdown Park Academy and LA's discretion, including pupils and students who need to attend to receive support or manage risks to their mental health.

A child may also be deemed to be vulnerable if they have been assessed as being in need or otherwise meet the definition in section 17 of the Children Act 1989.

2. The role of the DSL and their deputies

- 2.1 In light of the current pandemic, Lansdown Park Academy will have additional measures in place to ensure the safety and wellbeing of its pupils – this approach will be led by the DSL.
- 2.2 Wherever possible, Lansdown Park Academy will endeavour to have a trained DSL or their deputy on-site while pupils are attending school.
- 2.3 In circumstances where, due to operational challenges, it is not possible to have a trained DSL or deputy on-site, for example when working from home, a trained DSL (or deputy) from Lansdown Park Academy, or, where necessary, a partner school, will be available to be contacted via phone or online video.
- 2.4 Where a DSL or deputy are unavailable, e.g. due to illness, a member of the SLT will take responsibility for coordinating safeguarding within Lansdown Park Academy. Their role will include:
- Updating and managing access to child protection files.
 - Liaising with the offsite DSL or deputy.
 - Liaising with children's social care services where required.
- 2.5 During the pandemic, the DSL and their deputy(s) will be responsible for:
- Sharing their time and resources with other schools, where necessary.
 - Ensuring staff are kept up-to-date with the latest safeguarding information and developments, including via the safeguarding partners, newsletters and professional advice groups.
 - Being responsible for amending Appendix A (this section) in line with the continual changes to education policy released by the DfE and communicating all changes to staff and volunteers.
 - Working with the VSH and wider LA to protect vulnerable children.
 - Providing support to teachers and pastoral staff to ensure that contact is maintained with pupils who are self-isolating or shielding at home and their families.
 - Ensuring staff are aware of reporting channels for safeguarding concerns.
 - Ensuring there is a consistent approach to safeguarding children throughout the coronavirus pandemic.

- Speaking to pupils directly where possible to identify any concerns and ensuring pupils are provided with clear communication channels so they can report any concerns they have, including reports of peer-on-peer abuse.
 - Providing all volunteers and volunteer staff with copies of this policy.
 - Identifying a suitable member of the SLT to assume the role of temporary DSL should both themselves and their deputies become unable to work, e.g. due to illness.
 - Sharing their contact information with Lansdown Park Academy community.
 - Identifying vulnerable children and communicating additional safeguarding provisions to pupils and their families.
- 2.6 The DSL will report back to the Academy Council on all relevant safeguarding concerns.
- 2.7 The DSL will work with the local safeguarding partners and relevant agencies and services to identify harm and ensure pupils are appropriately supported.
- 2.8 Where pupils are required to return to remote learning, e.g. they must self-isolate or Lansdown Park Academy is required to limit attendance, the DSL will ensure that they, and other members of staff, exercise extra vigilance to ensure pupils remain safe while learning at home.
- 2.9 Lansdown Park Academy will ensure that the DSL and their deputies are given sufficient time and assistance to support staff and pupils with new safeguarding and welfare concerns and to handle referrals to relevant agencies where appropriate.
- 2.10 All online or telephone communication will be made using school accounts or telephone numbers. If any staff need to use their personal number, this is withheld.

3. Attendance

- 3.1 From 8 March 2021, attendance will be mandatory and Lansdown Park Academy will have the power to issue fines for unauthorised absence – this will only be used as a last resort.
- 3.2 Lansdown Park Academy will resume its regular attendance register to record attendance after fully opening.
- 3.3 Lansdown Park Academy will follow up on absences of pupils who are expected to be in school but where a parent wishes for their child to be absent. The DSL or deputy DSL will discuss any concerns parents may have and work with them to achieve the best possible outcome for the pupil.
- 3.4 Parents/carers will not be penalised if their child does not attend school due to following clinical or public health advice to stay at home. Pupils will engage in remote learning where they are unable to attend school for reasons related to coronavirus, provided they are well enough to do so.
- 3.5 For those pupils not attending Lansdown Park Academy premises and learning remotely at home, Lansdown Park Academy will ensure that appropriate systems for checking attendance and levels of pupil engagement each day are in place, and work with parents to rapidly identify effective solutions where engagement is a concern.

- 3.6 Lansdown Park Academy will ensure that all pupils' emergency contact information is correct and encourage parents to provide as many contact numbers as possible.
- 3.7 If Lansdown Park Academy must limit attendance at any point, e.g. due to a local increase in coronavirus cases, in line with DfE restrictions, Lansdown Park Academy will ensure that priority to attend full time is given to vulnerable pupils and the children of critical workers.

4. Staff training and safeguarding induction

- 4.1 Lansdown Park Academy will ensure that all existing school staff have read part one of the most up-to-date version of 'Keeping children safe in education' (KCSIE) and are suitably trained in this policy and any local safeguarding arrangements.
- 4.2 The DSL and headteacher will risk assess any volunteers or staff from other schools to determine their suitability to work with children.
- 4.3 Under no circumstances will volunteers who have not been checked be left unsupervised or allowed to work in regulated activity.
- 4.4 The DSL and headteacher will ensure any volunteers or staff from other schools are suitably trained in safeguarding and ensure that they have read the relevant sections of KCSIE, are aware of Lansdown Park Academy's safeguarding policy and procedures, and any additional local safeguarding arrangements.
- 4.5 The DSL and headteacher will use their professional judgement to assess how much additional safeguarding training temporary staff or volunteers require.
- 4.6 Lansdown Park Academy will follow safer recruitment processes, in line with the relevant policies, when acquiring new staff.
- 4.7 New staff or volunteers will continue to be provided with a safeguarding induction and the most up-to-date copy of this policy.
- 4.8 Individuals who have not undergone suitable DBS checks will not be left unattended with pupils.
- 4.9 Lansdown Park Academy will carry out a check on any existing staff who cause a concern.
- 4.10 All staff will receive updates from the DSL regarding confirmation of local safeguarding processes and confirmation of the DSL and their deputy's arrangements, e.g. working schedule and contact information.
- 4.11 Lansdown Park Academy will report individuals who they consider a safeguarding risk to the Teaching Regulation Agency (TRA) by emailing Misconduct.Teacher@education.gov.uk – all referrals received by the TRA will continue to be considered but hearings may not be scheduled for the current time.
- 4.12 Lansdown Park Academy will continue to maintain records that allow the headteacher to be aware of who will not be in school at any one given time.

- 4.13 Lansdown Park Academy will ensure the SCR is kept up-to-date in line with KCSIE. The SCR will be used as a record of attendance for staff and volunteers as well as a log of any risk assessments carried out on volunteers and staff on loan from other schools.

5. Online safety and security

- 5.1 Lansdown Park Academy will continue to ensure that appropriate filters and monitoring systems are in place to protect pupils when they are online on Lansdown Park Academy's IT systems, whether in school or at home.
- 5.2 All online programmes used will be checked by Lansdown Park Academy's DPO and DSL to ensure they are reputable and UK GDPR-compliant.
- 5.3 The ICT technician will work to ensure any loaned devices are secure and have the necessary antivirus malware protection downloaded.
- 5.4 Any online queries which require the ICT technician will be addressed over the phone or online as much as possible – face-to-face contact is kept to a minimum.
- 5.5 Where the ICT technician is unavailable, Lansdown Park Academy will seek the support of other ICT staff, either internally or from another school.
- 5.6 The DSL will report back to the Academy Council how they are ensuring pupils remain safe online.
- 5.7 Pupils will report any suspicious online activity they encounter to the DSL or headteacher.
- 5.8 Staff will adhere to the Staff Code of Conduct at all times when delivering education online.
- 5.9 Staff will continue to look out for signs of a child being at risk online and report concerns over a pupil's safety online to the DSL. Where relevant, the DSL will make referrals to the police and children's social care.
- 5.10 Lansdown Park Academy will collaborate with parents/carers to reinforce the importance of online safety, and encourage parents to set age-appropriate parental controls on digital devices and use internet filters to block malicious websites.
- 5.11 Pupils will be provided with useful information and contact details of individuals and organisations they can turn to should they feel unsafe online, e.g. Childline or the UK Safer Internet Centre.

6. Mental health and pastoral care

- 6.1 Lansdown Park Academy understands how the coronavirus pandemic can cause pupils and staff to feel anxious and concerned and will offer any essential support required to those in need.
- 6.2 Staff will be aware that some pupils may return to school having experienced difficulties over the period of lockdown, including bereavement, mental illness and welfare harms, and will be vigilant with regards to indicators that a pupil requires support.
- 6.3 The headteacher will encourage line managers to hold one-to-one meetings with their staff to ensure they feel supported during this stressful time.

- 6.4 Pupils will be provided with different resources they can access to help them cope with their mental health, including Childline and other online services.
- 6.5 Face-to-face support will only be provided where two-metre social distancing can be adhered to.
- 6.6 Lansdown Park Academy will have due regard for the Social, Emotional and Mental Health (SEMH) Policy when identifying early signs of mental health issues in pupils.
- 6.7 Teachers will have due regard for the negative impact the current pandemic may have had on pupils, especially when setting expectations for pupils' work.
- 6.8 Pastoral support will be offered to any family who requires it.
- 6.9 For pupils who are receiving education at home, e.g. if they are advised to shield, Lansdown Park Academy will follow set timetables to provide parents and pupils with a familiar structure that includes time for education, playing and relaxing.
- 6.10 Lansdown Park Academy will consider one-to-one support for those who may benefit the most from it, e.g. for pupils with SEND.

7. Remote education

- 7.1 Teachers will plan online lessons with the safety of pupils in mind.
- 7.2 Staff communicating with pupils or parents/carers via videocall will do so from within Lansdown Park Academy, or from a quiet room with a neutral background if working from home.
- 7.3 Teachers will ensure all online planning processes for pupils who are working online will have clear reporting routes to Lansdown Park Academy and external agencies so they can raise concerns whilst online.
- 7.4 Lansdown Park Academy will collaborate with the LA where possible when planning online lessons and activities, and considering online safety.
- 7.5 The DSL will ensure every pupil has their contact information so they know how they can contact them about any safeguarding concern.
- 7.6 Pupils will be provided with online safety information by their teacher.
- 7.7 Pupils will be directed to practical online support, such as Childline, where they feel unsafe and require support outside of school.
- 7.8 Parents/carers will be given a list of websites their child may access and any information regarding online sessions with staff that their child will be participating in.
- 7.9 Parents/carers will be provided with the contact details of the DSL so they can report any concerns.
- 7.10 When communicating online, staff will:
 - Communicate within school hours as much as possible.
 - Communicate through Lansdown Park Academy channels approved by the SLT.
 - Use school email accounts over personal accounts wherever possible.
 - Use school devices over personal devices wherever possible.
 - Not share personal information.

8. Peer-on-peer abuse

- 8.1 The DSL will implement robust reporting procedures for peer-on-peer abuse, whether this abuse takes place in person or online, and communicate these to staff, pupils and parents.
- 8.2 Reports made regarding peer-on-peer abuse will be risk assessed by the DSL on a case-by-case basis and, where required, investigated immediately and reported to the relevant authority, e.g. the police or CSCS where required.
- 8.3 Both the alleged perpetrator and victim will be provided with support whilst the report is being investigated.
- 8.4 Pupils will be provided with the contact details of relevant bodies who can provide support to them during this time, e.g. Childline.
- 8.5 The DSL will keep the victim, the alleged perpetrator and their families up-to-date where necessary with details of the investigation, including the conclusion and how appeals can be made.
- 8.6 Individuals will be given a copy of Lansdown Park Academy 's Complaints Procedures Policy to assist them with the appeals process.
- 8.7 Communications with parents will be made online or by telephone unless face-to-face contact is unavoidable.

9. Pupils moving schools

- 9.1 Where pupils are moving to another setting, Lansdown Park Academy will continue to do whatever it reasonably can to provide the receiving institution with any relevant welfare and child protection information.
- 9.2 The DSL will ensure that the receiving school has access to pupils' EHC plans, child in need plans, child protection plans or, for LAC, their personal education plan, and is informed who the child's social worker is (and, for LAC, who the responsible VSH is).

10. Monitoring and review

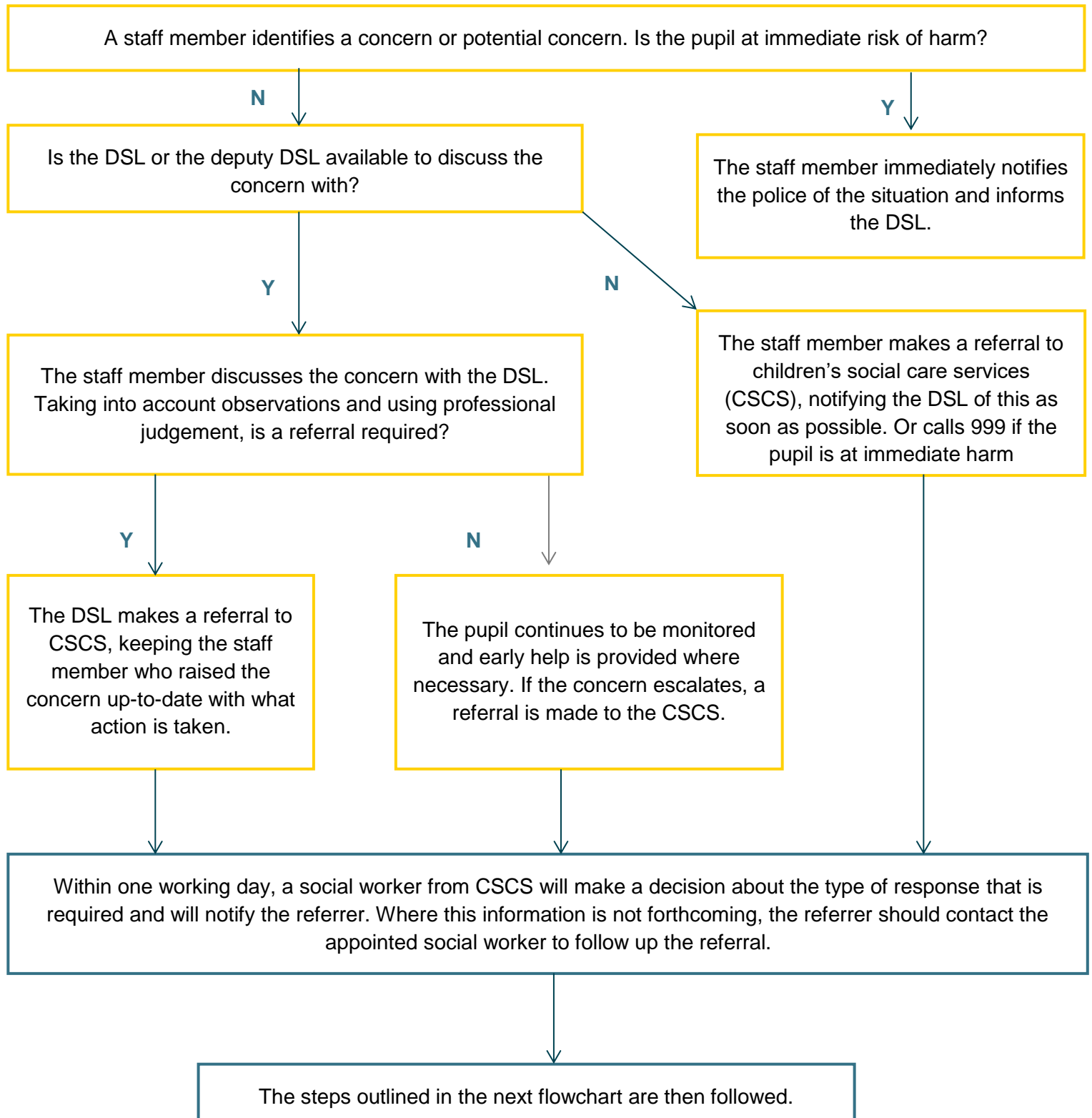
- 10.1 The DSL will be responsible for continually monitoring DfE updates and updating this appendix in line with any government guidance changes and up-to-date guidance from the local safeguarding partners.
- 10.2 Any changes to this appendix will be communicated to all staff, parents and relevant stakeholders.

b) Safeguarding Reporting Process

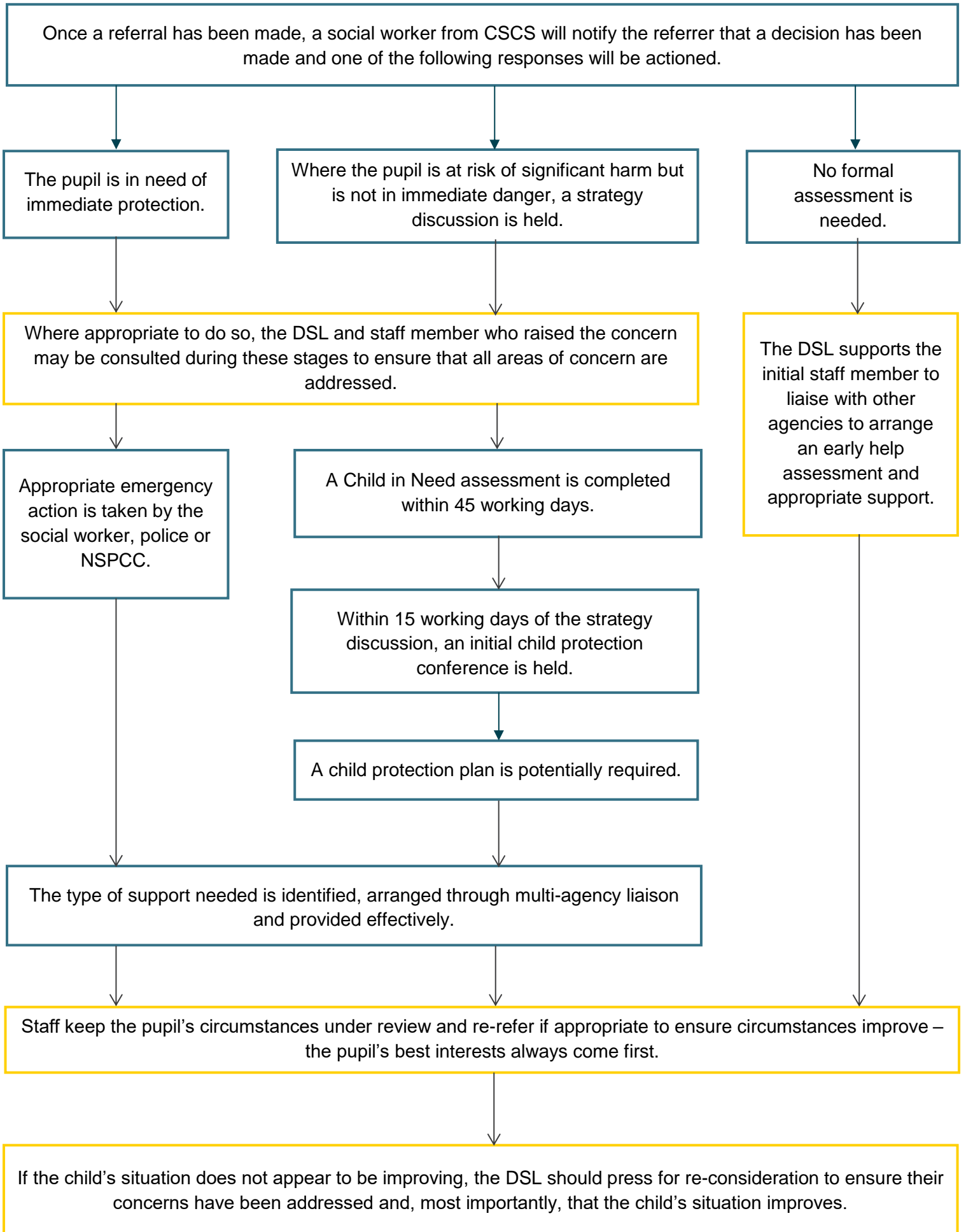
The process outlined within the first section should be followed where a staff member has a safeguarding concern about a child. Where a referral has been made, the process outlined in the 'After a referral is made' section should be followed.

The actions taken by Lansdown Park Academy are outlined in yellow, whereas actions taken by another agency are outlined in blue.

Before a referral is made



After a referral is made



c)Contacts and Advice

Expert organisations

- [Barnardo's](#)
- [Lucy Faithfull Foundation](#)
- [NSPCC](#)
- [Rape Crisis](#)
- [University of Bedfordshire: Contextual Safeguarding](#)
- [UK Safer Internet Centre](#)

Support for victims

- [Anti-Bullying Alliance](#)
- [MoJ Victim Support](#)
- [Rape Crisis](#)
- [The Survivor's Trust](#)
- [Victim Support](#)

Toolkits

- [Brook](#)
- [NSPCC](#)
- [Safeguarding Unit, Farrer and Co, and Carlene Firmin, MBE, University of Bedfordshire](#)

Further information on confidentiality and information sharing

- [Gillick Competency Fraser Guidelines](#)
- [Government Information Sharing Advice](#)
- [Information Commissioner's Office: Education](#)
- [NSPCC: Things to Know and Consider](#)

Further information on sexting

- [UK Council for Child Internet Safety: Sexting Advice](#)
- [London Grid for Learning – Collection of Advice](#)

Support for parents

- [Parentzone](#)
- [Parentsafe – London Grid for Learning](#)
- [CEOP Thinkuknow – Challenging Harmful Sexual Attitudes and their Impact](#)
- [CEOP Thinkuknow – Supporting Positive Sexual Behaviour](#)

Reporting in Bristol City Council (Stockwood)



BRISTOL
LEARNING CITY

Education Safeguarding Contacts Bristol

If you have concerns about a child...

If a child is at immediate risk call the POLICE	POLICE 999
To make an URGENT referral, i.e. a child is likely to suffer or is suffering significant harm, call First Response	FIRST RESPONSE 0117 9036444 <small>(Out of Hours Emergency Duty Team 01454 615 165)</small>
To make a NON-URGENT referral, contact FIRST RESPONSE using the online form (must have parental/carer consent).	FIRST RESPONSE Online form https://www.bristol.gov.uk/social-care-health/make-a-referral-to-first-response
To raise concerns and ask for advice about radicalisation (also contact First Response).	PREVENT DUTY 01278 647466 PreventSW@avonandsomerset.police.uk
For advice and guidance about whether to make a referral.	Families in Focus (N) 0117 3521499 Families in Focus (E/C) 0117 3576460 Families in Focus (S) 0117 9037770

If you have concerns about a professional working with a child...

To raise concerns and ask for guidance in relation to the conduct of someone who works with children	Local Authority Designated Officer - (LADO) Nicola Laird T: 0117 9037795
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For information, advice and guidance in relation to safeguarding policy and procedures.

Safeguarding in Education Team		
T: 0117 9222710		
E: Safeguardingineducationteam@bristol.gov.uk		
South Advisor Helen Macdonald helen.macdonald@bristol.gov.uk	East Central Advisor Jesse Curtis jessie.curtis@bristol.gov.uk	North Advisor Lealey O'Hagan lealey.o'hagan@bristol.gov.uk

Bristol City Council Key Contacts & Inter-Agency Working

PCSO: **Andrew Gunton (Stockwood)**, Jake Shephard (Knowle) Sean Ford (Hartcliffe)

CAMHS: Ailsa Fullarton

CAMHS Duty Desk Office Hours: 01865 903777 Duty Desk out of hours: 01865901000

CAMHS General Number 01865903889

School Nurse: Lorna Mackerel – Osprey Court, Bristol. 0117 340 8080

Youth Offending Team: (Bristol) 0117 9036480

Safer Options: Ingrid Hooper (CSE/ Youth violence) FIF South – 01179037770

Bristol Drug Project: 0117987600

Off the Record: otrbristol.org.uk

CME: 0117 352 1438 childrenmissingeducation@bristol.gov.uk

Rachel Dolling (CME EWO) Rachel.dolling@bristol.gov.uk

Vanessa Davies (SEWO) vanessa.davies@bristol.gov.uk

(for confidentiality some contact information (telephone/email) have been omitted. All Contacts can be found on CPOMS)

RUSH Hill Safeguarding Contact Numbers (Bath and North East Somerset)

If you have a concern about a child..	
If a child is at immediate risk – Call	POLICE 999
To Make an URGENT referral about a child	BaNES Duty and Assessment team 01225 396312 or 01225 396313 Out of Hours – 01454 615165
To make a paper referral to Duty and Assessment Team	Download and complete ‘request for service form’ at https://www.bathnes.gov.uk/services/children-young-people-and-families/child-protection and email to: ChildCare_Duty@bathnes.gov.uk

<p>If you have concerns of radicalisation – contact (also contact Duty and Assessment team)</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">PREVENT</p> <p style="text-align: center;">01278647466</p> <p style="text-align: center;">preventSW@avonandsomerset.police.uk</p>
<p>To raise concerns and seek advice about someone who works with children</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO) - Sarah Hogan</p> <p style="text-align: center;">01225 396810</p>

Key BaNES Contacts and Inter-Agency Working

PCSO – Lou Gould

CAMHS – Catherine Harris & Beverley Ainslie

CAMHS Duty Desk Office Hours: 01865 903777 Duty Desk out of hours: 01865901000

CAMHS General Number (BaNES) 01865903889

School Nurse: Sue Anderson – 01225 831666

Compass Point (BaNES) 01225 396990

Youth Offending Team: 01225 396966 youth_offending@bathnes.gov.uk

CEOP: ceop.police.uk

www.stayingsafe.net (Mental health and Wellbeing)

CME: Julia Morris 01225 394241 cmes@bathnes.gov.uk

Off The Record: 01225 312 481 www.offtherecord-banes.co.uk

Project 28 (substance misuse) 01225463344